



EUROBAROMETER 66

PUBLIC OPINION IN THE EUROPEAN UNION

FIRST RESULTS

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Introduction

The current Standard Eurobarometer was carried out between September 6th and October 10th 2006. This wave of the Standard Eurobarometer, Eurobarometer 66, reflects the public opinion of Europeans just prior to the accession of Bulgaria and Romania.

This Autumn Standard Eurobarometer covers 30 countries or territories: the 25 Member States, the two acceding countries (Bulgaria and Romania), the two candidate countries (Croatia and Turkey) and the Turkish Cypriot Community. It was commissioned by the Directorate-General Communication of the European Commission and was carried out by TNS Opinion & Social, a consortium formed by TNS and EOS Gallup Europe.

The methodology used is that of the Standard Eurobarometer surveys of the Directorate-General Communication ("Public Opinion and Media Monitoring" Unit). A technical note concerning the interviews, carried out by the institutes within the TNS Opinion & Social network, is annexed to this report. This note specifies the interview method used, as well as the confidence intervals¹.

In this report, readers will find the first results of the survey. The first chapter presents main indicators of support for the European Union, while the second chapter focuses on values and current societal issues.

The reader should know that there are three kinds of reports for the Eurobarometer. The first results focus on trend indicators and a selection of new topics aiming at giving a quick and operational overview of European public opinion on major issues. The full report analyses in depth all the questions asked in a Standard Eurobarometer wave. National reports are published by the national representations of the European Commission and written in the national language(s). They focus more on the comparison between national results and the EU average. Executive summaries of these national reports also exist and are published in English on europa website.

The Eurobarometer web site can be consulted at the following address: http://ec.europa.eu/public opinion/index en.htm

We would like to take the opportunity to thank all the respondents who spend some of their time to take part in this survey.

Without their active participation, this study would simply not have been possible.

¹ The results tables are included in the annex. The totals indicated may show a one point difference with the sum of the individual units. This might be due to the rounding of some results. It should also be noted that the total of the percentages in the tables of this report may exceed 100% when the respondent has the possibility to give several answers to the same question.

In this report, the countries are represented by their official abbreviations. The abbreviations used in this report correspond to:

	ABBREVIATIONS
EU25 EU15	European Union - 25 Member States European Union - 15 Member States before the most recent enlargement (1st May 2004)
NMS	New Member States – 10 Member States which joined the EU during the last enlargement
DK/NA	Don't know / No answer
BE CZ DK D-E DE D-W EE EL ES FR IE IT CY CY (tcc) LT LV LU HU MT NL AT PL PT SI SK FI SE UK	Belgium Czech Republic Denmark East Germany Germany West Germany Estonia Greece Spain France Ireland Italy Republic of Cyprus* Area not controlled by the government of the Republic of Cyprus Lithuania Latvia Luxembourg Hungary Malta The Netherlands Austria Poland Portugal Slovenia Slovakia Finland Sweden The United Kingdom
BG RO	Bulgaria Romania
HR TR	Croatia Turkey

^{*}Cyprus as a whole is one of the 25 European Union Member States. However, the "acquis communautaire" is suspended in the part of the country that is not controlled by the government of the Republic of Cyprus. For practical reasons, only the interviews conducted in the part of the country controlled by the government of the Republic of Cyprus are recorded in the category "CY" and included in the EU25 average. The interviews conducted in the part of the country not controlled by the government of the Republic of Cyprus are recorded in the category "CY(tcc)" [tcc: *Turkish Cypriot Community*].

PART I

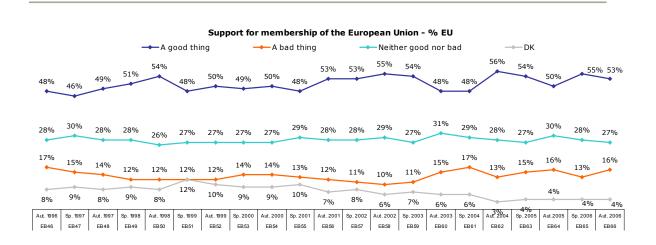
TREND INDICATORS

The first part of this report focuses on the main trend indicators included in this new wave of the Standard Eurobarometer.

1. SUPPORT FOR MEMBERSHIP OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

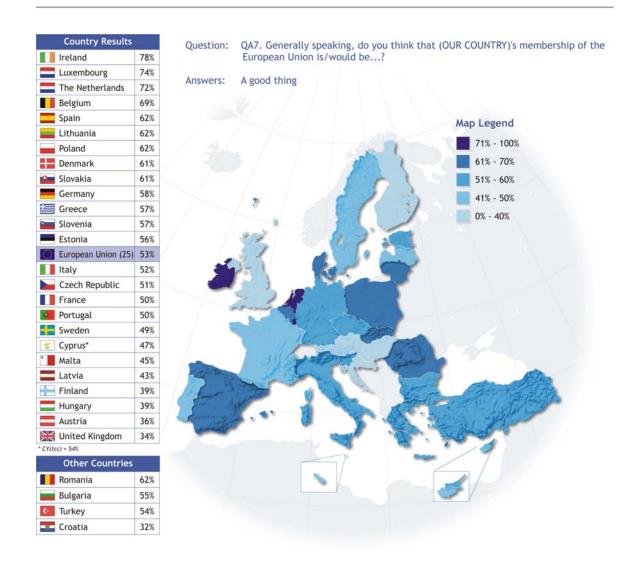
"Support for membership of the European Union has fallen slightly"

Support for European Union membership is slightly lower than it was in Spring 2006. On average, 53% of European Union citizens now believe that their country's membership of the European Union is a good thing (-2 points), while 16% of respondents think that it is a bad thing $(+3 \text{ points})^2$.



Support for European Union membership remains strongest in Ireland, where almost 8 out of 10 people see it as a good thing (78%; +1 point). Luxembourg (74%; +2 points), the Netherlands (72%; -2 points) and Belgium (69%; +4 points) are the three other Member States where more than two-thirds of people share this view. At the other end of the scale, support for European Union membership is lowest in the United Kingdom (34%; -8 points), Austria (36%; +2 points), Finland (39%; no change) and Hungary (39%; -10 points).

 $^{^{2}}$ QA7a. Generally speaking, do you think that (OUR COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union is ...? - a good thing - a bad thing - neither good nor bad.



There are significant socio-demographic differences on this dimension, particularly in terms of the education, occupation and age of respondents. 67% of respondents who studied beyond the age of 20 consider that it is a good thing compared with 41% of those who left school the earliest (i.e. a difference as high as 26 percentage points). 68% of managers approve of membership compared with 45% of those who look after the home. 60% of respondents aged 15-24 believe that it is a good thing to be part of the EU compared with 48% of those aged 55 and over.

Support for membership

		A good thing	A bad thing	Neither good nor bad	DK/NA
	EU average	53%	16%	27%	4%
	Age				
the sale	15-24	60%	10%	26%	4%
11	25-39	55%	15%	27%	3%
	40-54	52%	17%	27%	3%
	55 +	48%	18%	28%	5%
	Education (End of)				
	15-	41%	20%	32%	6%
	16-19	49%	17%	31%	3%
	20+	67%	11%	20%	1%
_	Still Studying	66%	9%	21%	4%
픘	Occupation				
	Self-employed	60%	16%	22%	2%
	Managers	68%	12%	19%	1%
	Other White Collars	58%	14%	26%	2%
	Manual Workers	47%	16%	33%	4%
	House Persons	45%	17%	30%	8%
	Unemployed	46%	18%	32%	4%
	Retired	47%	19%	30%	5%
	Students	66%	9%	21%	4%
1 mm	EU knowledge				
	1-3	42%	18%	33%	7%
	4-7	61%	14%	24%	1%
	8-10	67%	12%	19%	2%

In terms of **subjective EU knowledge**³, there is a 25 points difference between respondents who consider that they know a great deal about the European Union and those who feel that they know very little (67% versus 42%).

³

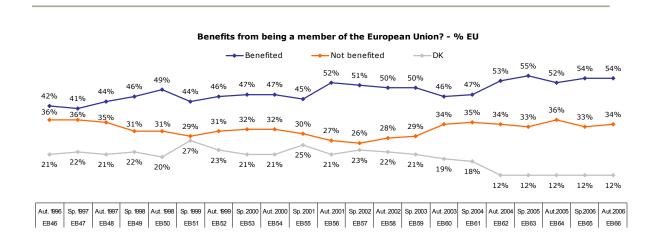
³ For many years, the Eurobarometer has asked European Union citizens to assess their level of knowledge about the European Union, its policies and its institutions. Respondents are asked to rate their level of knowledge on a scale of 1 (know nothing at all) to 10 (know a great deal) representing their level of knowledge. For ease of reference, the scores have been grouped together. Here is the exact wording of the question:

[&]quot;QA14. Using this scale, how much do you feel you know about the European Union, its policies, its institutions?"

2. THE BENEFITS OF MEMBERSHIP OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

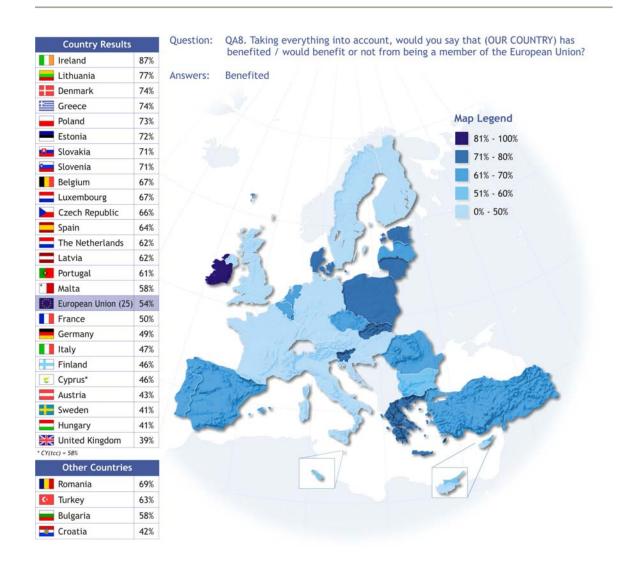
"A majority still believe that their country has benefited from EU membership"

As in Spring 2006, **54% of citizens on average believe that their country has benefited** from EU membership. Around one third of the EU citizens continue to feel that their country has not benefited (34%; +1 point)⁴. The gap between positive and negative responses is now 20 points, compared with 21 points in Spring 2006.



Public opinion continues to be the most positive in Ireland, where almost 9 out of 10 respondents consider that on balance their country has benefited from membership of the European Union (87%; no change). Lithuania comes in second place (77%; +5 points), followed by Denmark (74%; -1 point) and Greece (74%; +2 points). Support for this view is the lowest in the United Kingdom (39%; -3 points), Sweden (41%; -2 points) and Hungary (41%; -11 points).

⁴ QA8a. Taking everything into consideration, would you say that (OUR COUNTRY) has on balance benefited or not from being a member of the European Union?



There are also significant differences in socio-demographic terms on this aspect. The higher their level of education, the more respondents believe that their country has benefited from EU membership (69% of students think that their country has benefited from membership compared with 41% of those who left school the earliest).

At the same time, white-collar employees are once again more inclined to recognize the benefits of EU membership (67% of managers feel that their country has benefited from membership versus 45% of unemployed people).

Benefit of membership

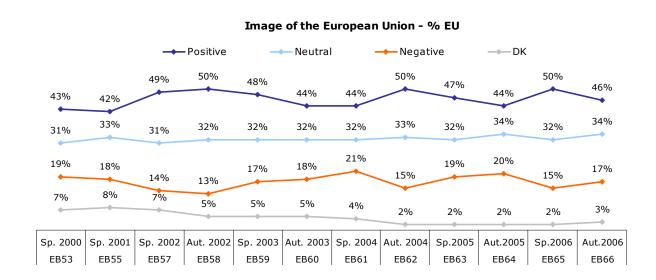
		Benefited	Not benefited	DK/NA
	EU average	54%	34%	12%
	Age			
1	15-24 25-39	65% 58%	23% 32%	12% 10%
	40-54	54%	36%	10%
	55 +	46%	40%	14%
	Education (End of)			
	15-	41%	43%	16%
	16-19	51%	38%	11%
	20+	67%	25%	7%
_	Still Studying	69%	18%	12%
	Occupation			
	Self-employed	63%	30%	7%
	Managers	67%	26%	7%
	Other White Collars	61%	31%	8%
	Manual Workers	51%	38%	11%
	House Persons	46%	35%	20%
	Unemployed	45%	43%	12%
	Retired	46%	40%	14%
	Students	69%	18%	12%

Benefit of membership has also a stronger support among younger respondents (65% of respondents aged 15-24 feel that their country has benefited from membership versus 46% of those aged 55 and over.)

3. THE EUROPEAN UNION'S IMAGE

"The European Union's image is now slightly less positive"

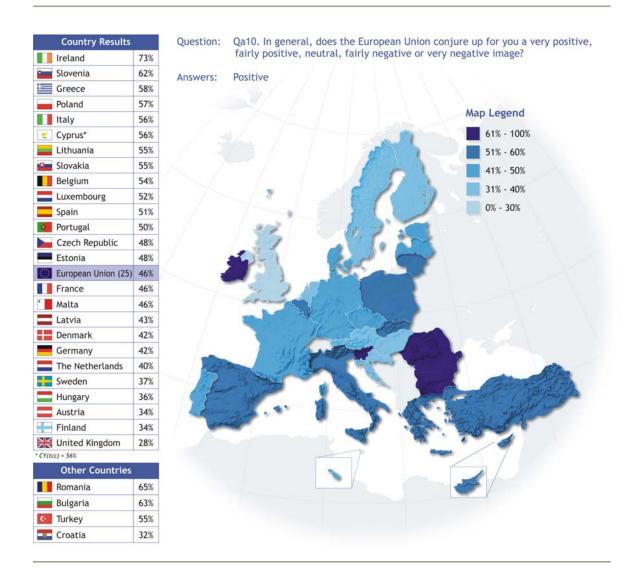
On average, the number of EU citizens who view the European Union positively is slightly less than in Spring 2006 (46%; -4 points). The European Union's image is now neutral for around one third of citizens (34%; +2 points) while one sixth of citizens perceive it negatively $(17\%; +2 \text{ points})^5$.



The European Union's image continues to be the most widely perceived as positive in Ireland (73%; no change). Furthermore, in nearly all Member States, citizens who view the European Union's image positively outnumber those who view it negatively. However, that is not the case in the United Kingdom where 36% of the public perceive the EU negatively; 28% of citizens in the UK see it positively. In Austria and Sweden, citizens having a positive image of the European Union only just outnumber those who have a negative perception (by 6 and 7 percentage points, respectively).

In the two acceding countries, nearly two thirds of respondents believe that the European Union's image is positive. In Bulgaria, the public perception of the European Union's image has improved significantly since Spring 2006 (63%; +4 points) while it is more or less unchanged in Romania (65%; +1 point). The European Union's image is mostly positive in Turkey (55%; +12 points), whereas public opinion in Croatia is clearly divided, with positive and negative scores of 32% and 29% respectively.

QA10. In general, does the European Union conjure up for you a very positive, fairly positive, neutral, fairly negative or very negative image?

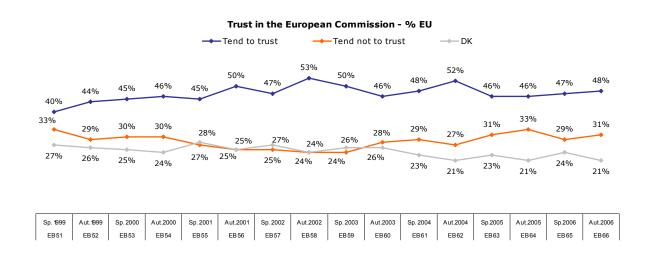


On this dimension too, a socio-demographic analysis reveals significant differences, in line with those highlighted earlier. The image that respondents have of the EU is correlated with their level of education, occupation and age.

4. TRUST IN THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION

"Trust in the European Commission remains stable"

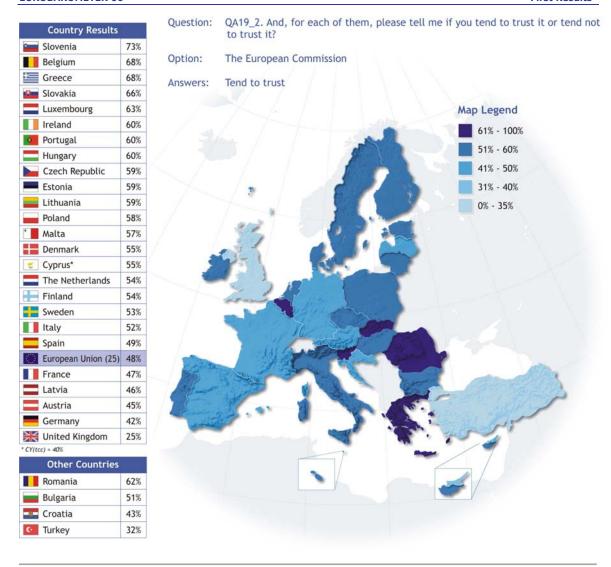
Concerning more specifically the image of certain European institutions, the level of trust in the European Commission has not changed significantly since Spring 2006, at EU level. On average, almost half of EU citizens now trust this institution (48%; +1 point), whereas under a third do not trust it $(31\%; +2 \text{ points})^6$. It should be noted that the proportion of citizens tending not to trust the European Commission remains higher than was the case between Autumn 1999 and Autumn 2004.



However, at country level, there have been significant shifts in the level of trust since Spring 2006. Trust in the European Commission continues to be the most widespread in Slovenia (73%; +8 points). The next highest levels are to be found in Belgium (68%; +5 points), Greece (68%; +7 points) and Slovakia (66%; +10 points). The United Kingdom continues to be the country where trust in the European Commission is the lowest (25%; -3 points); it is the only Member State where less than 4 out of 10 citizens trust the Commission.

In the two acceding countries, trust in the European Commission has improved significantly since Spring 2006: 62% of Romanians now trust the Commission (+8 points), while the corresponding percentage in Bulgaria is 51% (+7 points). The level of trust has also improved slightly in the two candidate countries and now stands at 43% in Croatia (+4 points) and 32% in Turkey (+3 points).

 $^{^{6}}$ QA19.2 And for each of the following European bodies, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? The European Commission



In socio-demographic terms, the three most significant differences among respondents tending to trust the European Commission concern the following variables: education (58% of who studied beyond the age of 20 trust the Commission compared with 37% of those who left school the earliest), occupation and place of birth (57% of respondents born in an EU country other than the country where they now live tend to trust the Commission versus 42% of those born in a European country outside the EU). Levels of "don't know/no answer" explain partly this last difference (28% for people who are born in a European country but outside the EU).

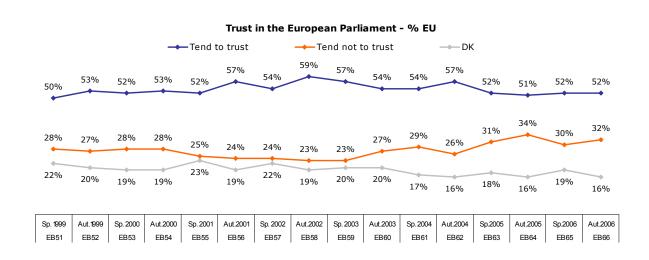
Trust in the European Commission

		Tend to trust	Tend not to trust	DK/NA
	EU average	48%	31%	21%
	Education (End of)			
	15-	37%	37%	25%
	16-19	47%	32%	21%
	20+	58%	28%	14%
_	Still Studying	57%	22%	21%
줐	Occupation			
	Self-employed	56%	29%	15%
	Managers	56%	31%	12%
	Other White Collars	53%	28%	18%
	Manual Workers	47%	33%	21%
	House Persons	41%	30%	30%
	Unemployed	41%	36%	23%
	Retired	42%	35%	22%
	Students	57%	22%	21%
	Place of Birth			
The second	Surveyed country	48%	31%	20%
	EU	57%	30%	13%
	Europe outside EU	42%	30%	28%
	Outside Europe	45%	28%	27%

5. TRUST IN THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT

"The European Parliament continues to be the most trusted institution"

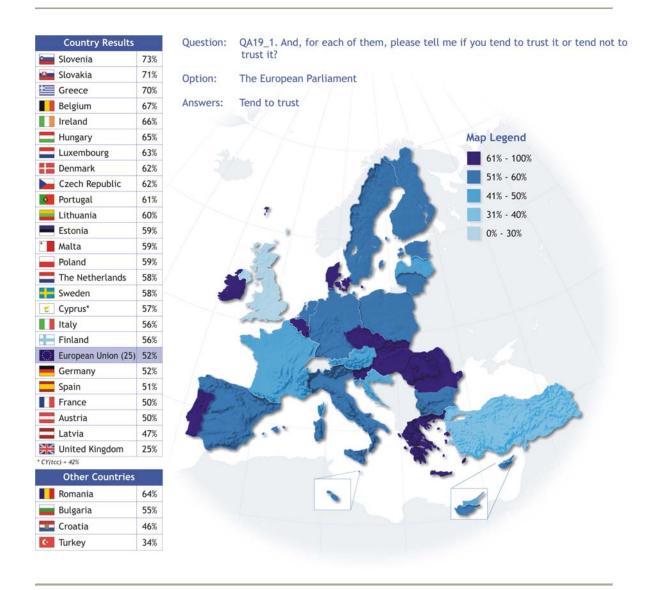
Trust in the European Parliament remains stable with on average 52% of EU citizens trusting this institution. At the same time, the level of lack of trust at 32% confirms the negative trend observed since Autumn 2004⁷.



Trust in the European Parliament is now most widespread in Slovenia (73%; +8 points), followed closely by Slovakia (71%; +9 points) and Greece (70%; +7 points). In Belgium, (67%; +2 points), Ireland (66%; +4 points) and Hungary (65%; -6 points), around two thirds of citizens trust the European Parliament although the level of trust in Hungary is now significantly lower than in Spring 2006. Trust is the lowest in the United Kingdom and has fallen further since Spring 2006 (25%; -6 points). As was the case regarding trust in the European Commission, the United Kingdom is the only Member State where fewer than 4 out of 10 citizens trust the European Parliament.

In the two acceding countries, trust in the European Parliament has improved almost as much as trust in the European Commission: 64% of Romanians (+5 points) and 55% of Bulgarians (+4 points) now trust it. The level of trust has also improved slightly in Croatia (46%; +3 points), but has remained stable in Turkey (34%).

 $^{^{7}}$ QA19.1 And for each of the following European bodies, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? The European Parliament



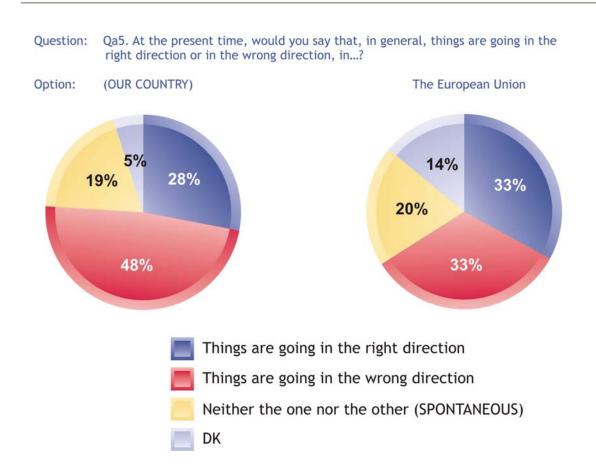
Once again, a socio-demographic analysis reveals clear differences, which are similar to those noted for the European Commission. The respondent's education, place of birth, occupation and subjective level of knowledge about the EU remain the most discriminating variables.

6. THE DIRECTION IN WHICH THINGS ARE GOING

"Fewer people now feel that things are going in the right direction"

Overall the number of people who feel that things are going in the right direction in the European Union is still higher than those who take this view about their own country (33% vs. 28%). However, **the mood is now less positive than it was at the beginning of 2006**⁸.

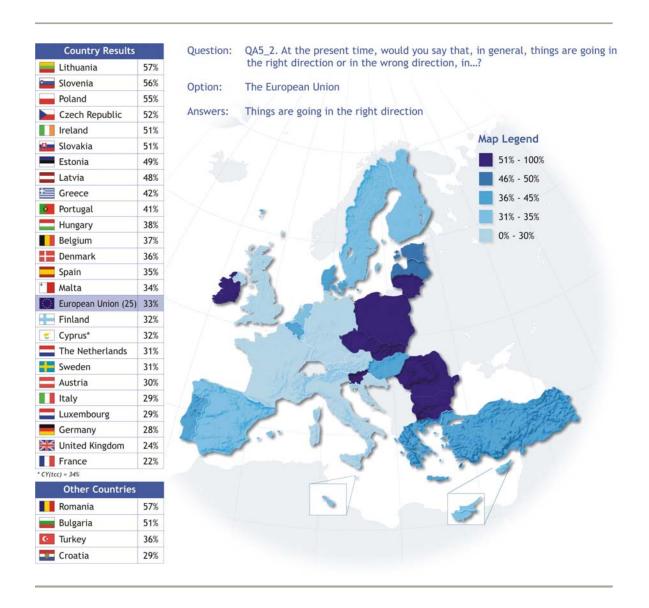
The proportion of citizens who feel that things are going in the right direction in the European Union has fallen by 6 points. An equal proportion of citizens now feel that things are going in the wrong direction in the European Union (33%; +6 points). However, the difference regarding the negative side of the answers between the national and the European situation remains important. In other words, the EU perspective produces less pessimism amongst EU citizens than the national one: almost one in two respondents believes that things are going in the wrong direction in their respective country, while one third of them share the same view when it comes to the EU level.



⁸ QA5 At the present time, would you say that, in general, things are going in the right direction or in the wrong direction, in...?

The most positive results regarding the national orientation are to be found in Ireland (56%), Estonia (53%) and in Scandinavian countries. Pessimism is strongest in France and Hungary (where 61% of the respondents in these two countries consider that things are going in the wrong direction), Poland (60%), the UK (57%) and, although to a lesser extent, in Germany (50%).

Regarding the EU perspective, there is a difference of 23 points between the results obtained in the former EU15 countries (29%; -7 points) and the ten new Member States (52%; -1 point). The view that things are going in the right direction in the European Union is most widely supported in Lithuania (57%; -3 points), Slovenia (56%; no change) and Poland (55%; -3 points). Citizens in France (22%; -7 points), the United Kingdom (24%; -10 points), Germany (28%; -10 points) Luxembourg (29%; -8 points) and Italy (29%; -4 points) are the most pessimistic, even more so than at the beginning of 2006.



Views on the direction in which things are going in the European Union are mainly influenced by the age and education of respondents. 47% of respondents who are still studying believe that things are going in the right direction compared with 25% of those who left school the earliest, while 43% of the youngest age category tend to be optimistic compared with only 27% of those aged 55 and over.

The direction in which things are going in the EU

		Things are going in the right direction	Things are going in the wrong direction	Neither the one nor the other (SPONT.)	DK/NA
	EU average	33%	33%	20%	14%
	Age				
and a	15-24	43%	24%	16%	17%
111	25-39	35%	32%	21%	12%
	40-54	32%	37%	20%	11%
	55 +	27%	35%	22%	16%
	Education (End of)				
	15-	25%	36%	21%	18%
7	16-19	32%	35%	21%	13%
*	20+	38%	32%	21%	10%
	Still Studying	47%	22%	15%	17%
	EU knowledge				
	1-3	25%	33%	20%	23%
	4-7	38%	33%	21%	8%
	8-10	45%	36%	16%	3%

Subjective EU knowledge is another important determinant for this dimension: when looking at the results for "things are going in the right direction", there is a difference of 20 points between respondents who feel that they know a great deal about the European Union and those who feel that they know very little (45% versus 25%).

7. SUPPORT FOR A COMMON FOREIGN POLICY

"Still broad support for a common foreign policy"

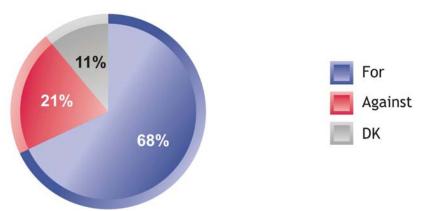
In general support for a common foreign policy continues to be stable with more than two out of three European citizens supporting this idea $(68\%; +1 \text{ point})^9$. The proportion of citizens who oppose a common foreign policy is unchanged at 21%.

estion: QA25_2. What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me

for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

Option: A common foreign policy among the Member States of the EU, towards other

countries

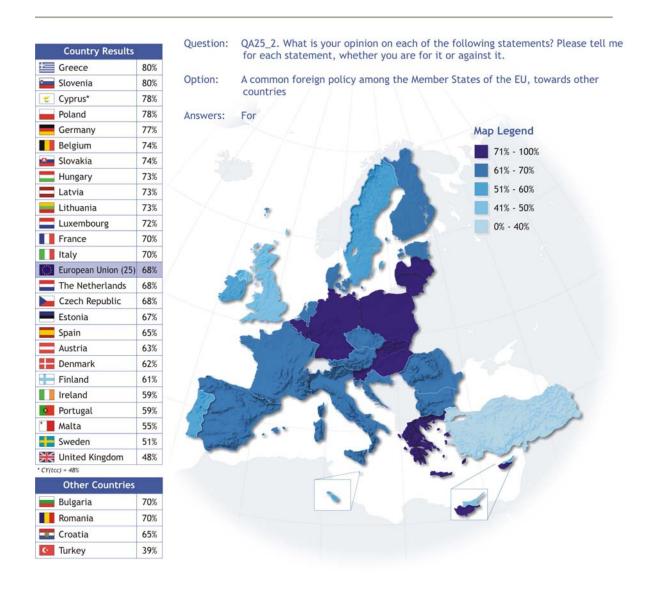


There is a difference of 9 points between the level of support in the former EU15 countries and that in the ten new Member States (66% and 75% respectively). Furthermore, there are large variations at country level. In the Member States, support for a common foreign policy is highest in Slovenia (80%; +4 points) and Greece (80%; +3 points), and lowest in the United Kingdom (48%; -2 points) and Sweden (50%; +1 point).

In the two acceding countries, the level of support has increased by 3 percentage points and now stands at 70% in both Bulgaria and Romania. In the candidate countries, public opinion continues to be significantly more critical in Turkey (39%; -2 points) than in Croatia (65%; -1 point).

⁹ QA25.2. What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

One common foreign policy among the Member States of the European Union, towards other countries



Support levels for a common foreign policy vary chiefly according to the respondent's occupation and education. 76% of managers support a common foreign policy compared with 59% of those who look after the home. It is also noteworthy that 76% of respondents who studied beyond the age of 20 are in favour of a common foreign policy versus 60% of those who left school the earliest.

Support for a common foreign policy

		For	Against	DK/NA
	EU average	68%	21%	11%
	Education (End of)			
1	15-	60%	21%	19%
	16-19	68%	22%	10%
	20+	76%	19%	5%
	Still Studying	67%	22%	11%
_	Occupation			
좄	Self-employed	74%	21%	5%
	Managers	76%	19%	4%
	Other White Collars	72%	20%	7%
	Manual Workers	68%	21%	12%
	House Persons	59%	19%	21%
	Unemployed	65%	24%	11%
	Retired	64%	21%	14%
	Students	67%	22%	11%
11/12	EU knowledge			
	1-3	59%	22%	18%
	4-7	74%	20%	6%
	8-10	77%	19%	5%

In terms of EU knowledge, there is a difference of 18 points between respondents who feel that they know a great deal about the European Union and those who feel that they know very little (77% versus 59%).

8. SUPPORT FOR A COMMON SECURITY & DEFENCE POLICY

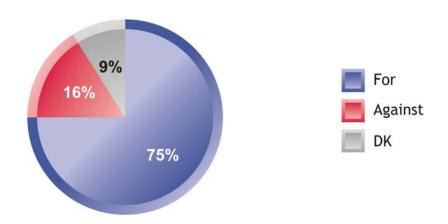
"Support for the ESDP remains widespread"

European public opinion also **remains very positive** on issues relating to the European Security and Defence Policy (ESDP). On average, 3 out of 4 European Union citizens are in favour of a common security and defence policy, i.e. the same level as in Spring 2006¹⁰.

Question: QA25_3. What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me

for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

Option: A common defence and security policy among EU Member States

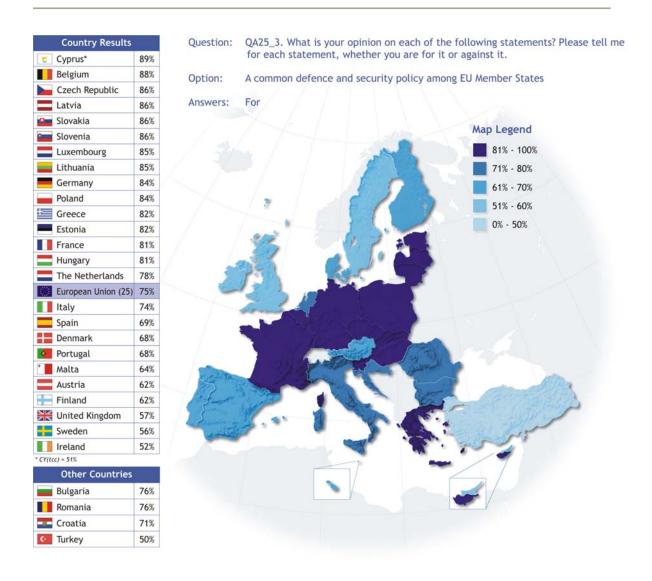


As in Spring 2006, support tends to be even stronger in the ten new Member States: there is a difference of 11 points between the average in the former EU15 countries and that in the ten new Member States (73% and 84% respectively). However, support varies considerably from one country to another; it is the highest in Cyprus (89%; +2 points) and Belgium (88%; +3 points), and the lowest in Ireland (52%; -7 points), Sweden (56%; -3 points) and the United Kingdom (57%; no change).

In the two acceding countries, support now stands at 76% in both countries, up from 70% in Bulgaria and 75% in Romania. In the candidate countries, although support has increased in Turkey (50%; +7 points), it has decreased in Croatia 71%; -4 points).

 $^{^{10}}$ QA25.3. What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

A common defence and security policy among European Union Member States



For this dimension, public opinion is fairly homogeneous in socio-demographic terms. However there are significant differences depending on the respondent's education and age. For example, 83% of respondents who studied beyond the age of 20 are in favour of the ESDP compared with 67% of those who left school the earliest, while 83% of managers support the ESDP compared with 68% of those who look after the home.

Support for the ESDP

		For	Against	DK/NA
	EU average	75%	16%	9%
	Age			
Less.	15-24	78%	13%	9%
111	25-39	77%	16%	7%
	40-54	77%	17%	6%
	55 +	71%	17%	12%
	Education (End of)			
1	15-	67%	18%	15%
	16-19	76%	17%	8%
	20+	83%	13%	4%
	Still Studying	78%	14%	8%
_	Occupation			
*	Self-employed	80%	15%	5%
	Managers	83%	14%	3%
	Other White Collars	79%	16%	5%
	Manual Workers	76%	16%	8%
	House Persons	68%	14%	18%
	Unemployed	74%	18%	8%
	Retired	70%	18%	12%
	Students	78%	14%	8%

9. SUPPORT FOR ENLARGEMENT

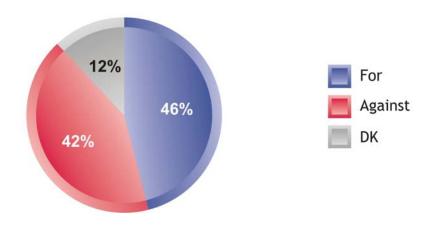
"Public opinion remains divided about further enlargement"

On the eve of the 5th round of enlargement, **the gap between supporters and opponents of further enlargement remains small**. On average, 46% of EU citizens support further enlargement (+1 point since Spring 2006) while 42% continue to oppose it¹¹.

Question: QA25_4. What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me

for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

Option: Further enlargement of the EU to include other countries in future years

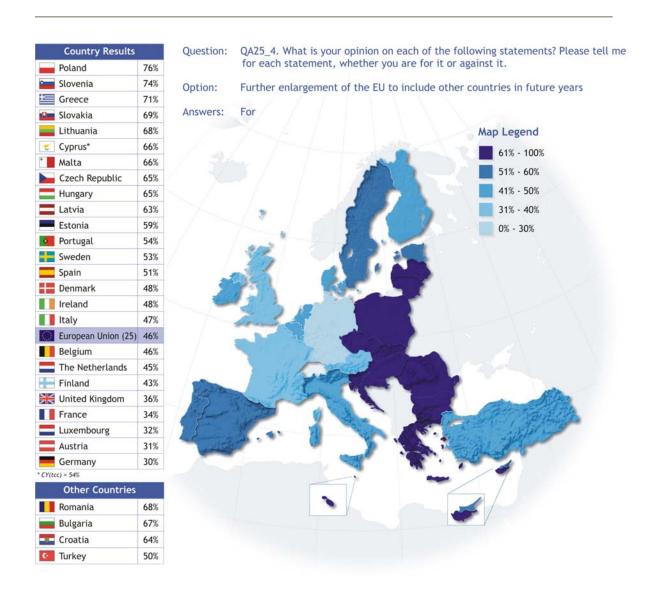


However, the European average conceals very large differences and shifts in opinion. Support for further enlargement tends to be considerably higher in the ten new Member States than in the former EU15 countries (72% versus 41%). Furthermore, public opinion has shifted considerably within some of the Member States and support is now the strongest in Poland (76%; +4 points), followed by Slovenia (74%; +1 point). Next come Greece (71%; +15 points) and Slovakia (69%; +11 points), which have recorded the largest increases in support. There are only two Member States where support has fallen significantly: the United Kingdom (36%; -8 points) and Spain (51%; -4 points). However, support continues to be the lowest in Germany (30%; +2 points); Austria (31%; +4 points), Luxembourg (32%; +5 points) and France (34%; +3 points), despite the increases noted in those countries.

 $^{^{11}}$ QA25.4. What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

Further enlargement of the European Union to include other countries in future years.

Almost 7 in 10 respondents in the two countries that are about to join the European Union, namely Romania and Bulgaria, are in favour of further enlargement. In Romania, this represents a slight fall since Spring 2006 (68%; -1 point), whereas support has increased in Bulgaria (67%; +5 points). In Croatia support is stable at 64%, while it has increased by 5 points to 50% in Turkey.



The position of respondents on further enlargement is also strongly influenced by their age and education: 59% of respondents who are still studying claim to be in favour of further enlargement compared with 35% of those who left school at 15 or earlier. Support for further enlargement of the EU tends to be stronger among younger respondents (58% of respondents aged 15-24 compared with 38% of those aged 55 and over).

Support for Enlargement

		For	Against	DK/NA
	EU average	46%	42%	12%
	Age			
Less	15-24	58%	32%	10%
111	25-39	51%	38%	11%
	40-54	45%	45%	10%
	55 +	38%	47%	15%
	Education (End of)			
1	15-	35%	46%	19%
	16-19	46%	44%	10%
	20+	53%	39%	8%
	Still Studying	59%	31%	10%
	EU knowledge			
N m	1-3	39%	44%	17%
	4-7	52%	40%	8%
	8-10	51%	43%	7%

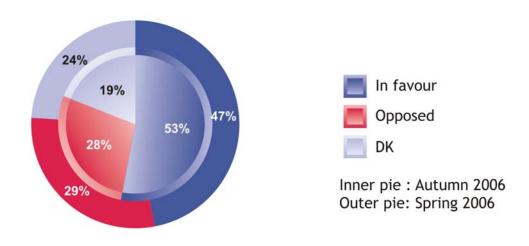
Unlike most other Eurobarometer indicators, there is no real discernible pattern in terms of **EU knowledge**: people who feel that they know a little about the EU are the most inclined to support enlargement (52%), compared with those who feel that they know a great deal (51%) and those who feel that they know very little (39%) about it.

10. THE EUROPEAN CONSTITUTION

"Public opinion is less volatile and more positive than in Spring 2006"

Over half of the people living in the countries which at the time of the survey had not yet ratified the treaty establishing the European Constitution support the constitution (53%)¹² which represents an improvement (+ 6 points) compared with Spring 2006. Public opinion is now also less volatile as the proportion of "don't know" replies has fallen from 24% to 19%.

Question: QA35. According to what you know, would you say that you are in favour of or opposed to the European Constitution?

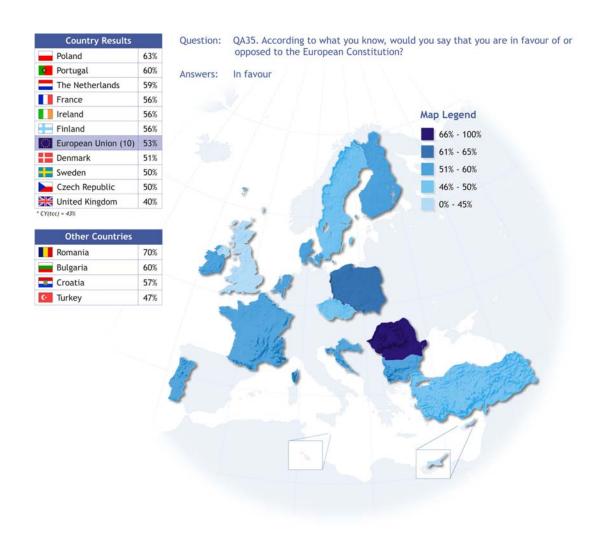


In all the Member States in question a majority of citizens are in favour of the European Constitution, with the highest level of support being in Poland (63%).

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¹² The following question has only been asked in countries where the European Constitution has not been yet adopted or in those that have already rejected it (i.e. France and the Netherlands).

[&]quot;QA35 According to what you know, would you say that you are in favour of or opposed to the European Constitution?"



However, in the United Kingdom, the gap between those in favour and those against the Constitution is small (40% vs. 35%). Furthermore, it should be noted that a significant minority of the population in Denmark (35%), Finland (32%), France, the Netherlands (both 31%) and the Czech Republic (30%) is against it. In France and the Netherlands – the two countries that rejected the Constitution by referendum – public support has increased since Spring 2006: 59% of Dutch respondents are now in favour (+6 points) and for France this figure is 56% (+5 points). Public opinion in Ireland remains quite volatile with 35% of the respondents unable to express an opinion.

In the two countries that will be joining the European Union on 1 January 2007 there is broad support for the European Constitution: 70% in Romania and 60% in Bulgaria. Although the percentage of "don't know" replies remains high in Bulgaria (33%) the level of opposition levels is negligible (7%).

PART II

NEWS TOPICS

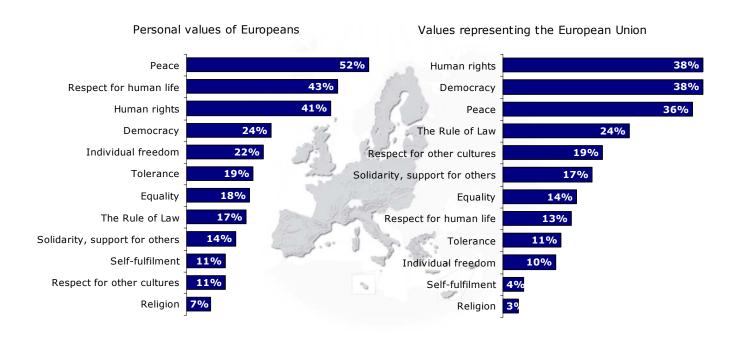
The second part of this report presents a set of new indicators measuring the positioning of EU citizens on some key societal issues. These indicators where asked to understand the opinion of EU citizens on issues that are debated in certain Member States.

1. Values

1.1 PERSONAL AND EUROPEAN VALUES

"Peace and human rights: two European values that citizens cherish above all"

Peace (52%), respect for human life (43%) and human rights (41%) are the most important personal values of Europeans¹³. When asked about the values that best represent the European Union¹⁴, respondents position human rights and peace in the top three as well. The respect for human life appears to be less embodied by the EU while the importance of democracy and the rule of law seems more evident at the EU level than at a personal one.



¹³ QA48a And in the following list, which are three most important values for you personally? (MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

¹⁴ QA48b Which three of the following values, best represent the European Union? (MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

In twenty of the twenty-five current Member States, **peace is the number one personal value** and in the other five countries it comes in either second or third place. Respondents in Germany (65%), Slovakia (63%) and Sweden (61%) mentioned most frequently peace as one of their three most important personal values. The lowest percentages were recorded in Lithuania (38%), followed by the Netherlands and the United Kingdom (both 42%).

Respect for human life was the most frequently mentioned personal value in Ireland (56%), the United Kingdom (50%) and the Netherlands (46%) and ranks as one of the top three values in nearly all other Member States. The exceptions are Sweden and Denmark where democracy makes the top three, as well as Austria where individual freedom makes the top three. In these three countries, respect for human life was the fourth most frequently mentioned personal value.

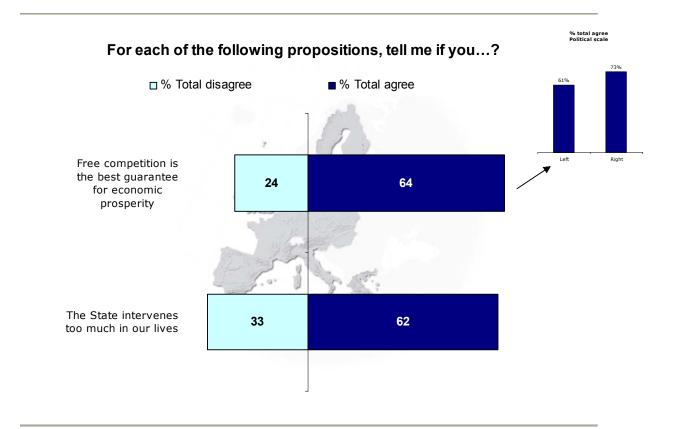
In all Member States, **human rights is also one of the top three personal values,** coming in first place in Cyprus (53%) and Lithuania (50%); the lowest scores were recorded in the United Kingdom (32%) and Ireland (34%).

In Bulgaria and Romania, the three most important personal values are the same as in the European Union. It should be noted however that in Bulgaria, respect for human life was mentioned most frequently by respondents (50%), whereas in Romania, the issue of human rights tops the list (47%). Peace comes in second place in Romania (43%) and in third place in Bulgaria (46%).

1.2 STATE INTERVENTIONISM AND FREE COMPETITION

"A majority of European citizens prefer a non-interventionist free-market approach"

Over 6 out of 10 respondents agree that free competition is the best guarantee of economic prosperity (64%) and that the state intervenes too much in their lives (62%)¹⁵. **Although people to the right of the political spectrum are even more likely to agree, those to the left of the political spectrum also broadly support a non-interventionist, free-market approach**. 73% and 67% respectively of people on the *right* of the political spectrum agree that free competition is the best guarantee of economic prosperity and that the state intervenes too much in their lives. For those on the *left* of the political spectrum the corresponding figures are 61% and 59%, respectively.

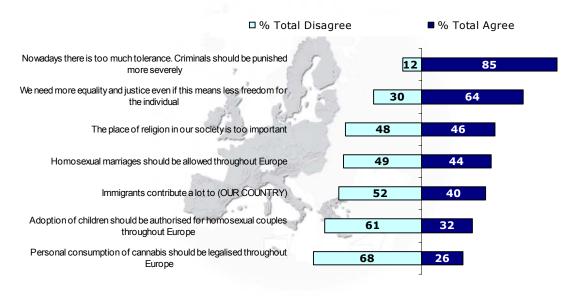


¹⁵ QA47 For each of the following propositions, tell me if you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with it?

2. Societal issues

In this chapter, we examine European public opinion on various societal issues such as justice, religion, homosexuality, immigration and drugs¹⁶.

For each of the following propositions, tell me if you...?

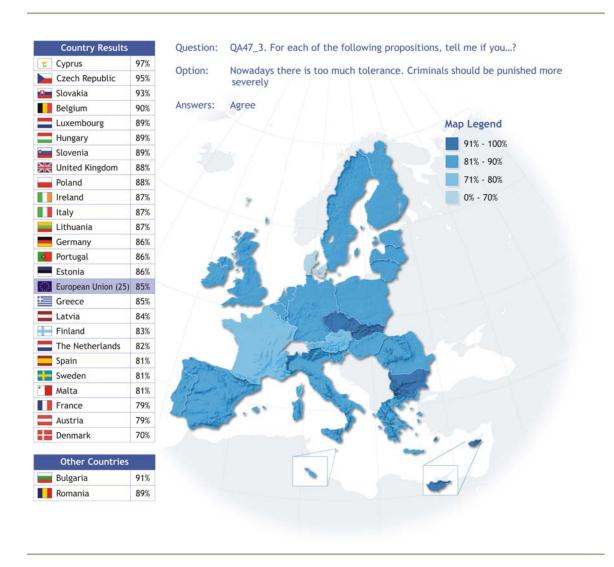


 $^{^{16}}$ QA47 For each of the following propositions, tell me if you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with it?

2.1 SEVERITY OF JUSTICE

"Justice is considered as too tolerant nowadays"

European Union citizens are unequivocally united in their view that criminals need to be punished more severely as there is too much tolerance nowadays (85%). We do not find any national discrepancy on this issue.



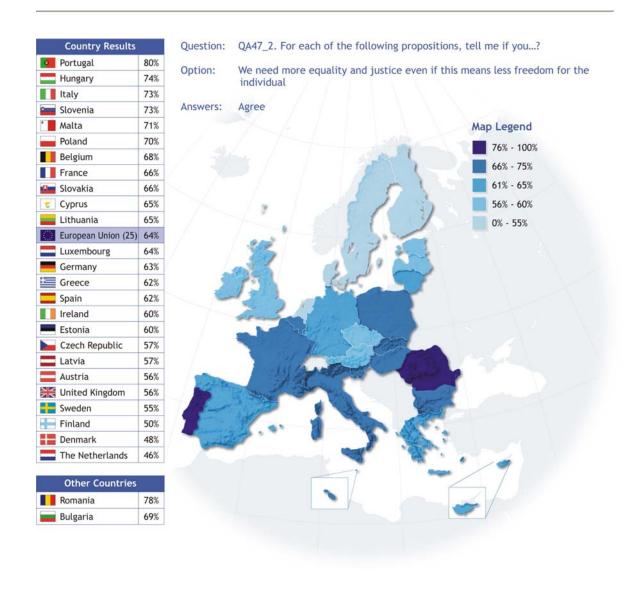
This view is not only held by the majority of people who place themselves on the right of the political spectrum (90%), but also by a significant proportion of those who place themselves on the left of this spectrum $(78\%)^{17}$.

¹⁷ QD1: In political matters people talk of "the left" and "the right". How would you place your views on this scale? People placing themselves on points 1-3 are categorized as "left", points 4-7 as "centre" and points 8-10 as "right".

2.2 EQUALITY VS INDIVIDUAL FREEDOM

"A call for more equality and justice, even if this means less individual freedom"

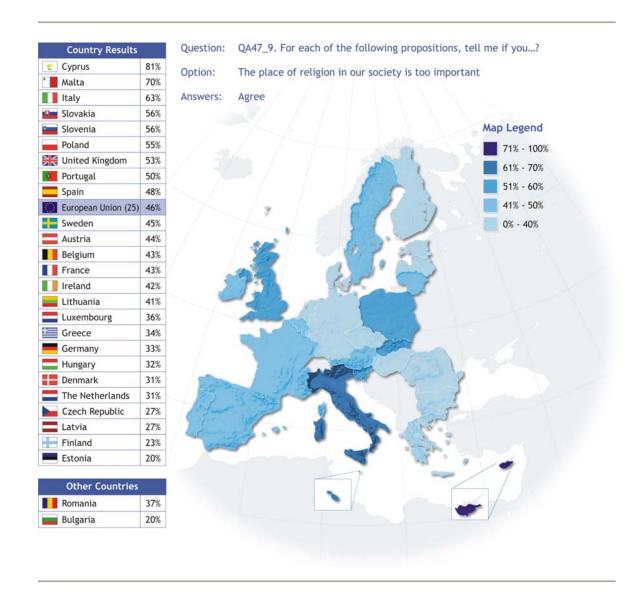
Furthermore, citizens want **more equality and justice, even if this means less freedom for the individual**. Nearly two out of three EU citizens agree with this statement (64%). However, the survey reveals considerable differences between the Member States, with levels of agreement ranging from 46% in the Netherlands to 80% in Portugal.



2.3 THE PLACE OF RELIGION IN SOCIETY

"Public opinion is divided about the place of religion in society"

Europeans are divided about the place of religion in society. On average, 46% of respondents agree with the proposal that it is too important while 48% disagree. A sociodemographic analysis reveals slight differences on the basis of age, education and political views. The main cleavage is, however, at country level, as the survey highlights a **strong degree of heterogeneity among the Member States** in this regard. Support for the proposal that the place of religion in our society is too important ranges from 20% in Estonia to 81% in Cyprus.

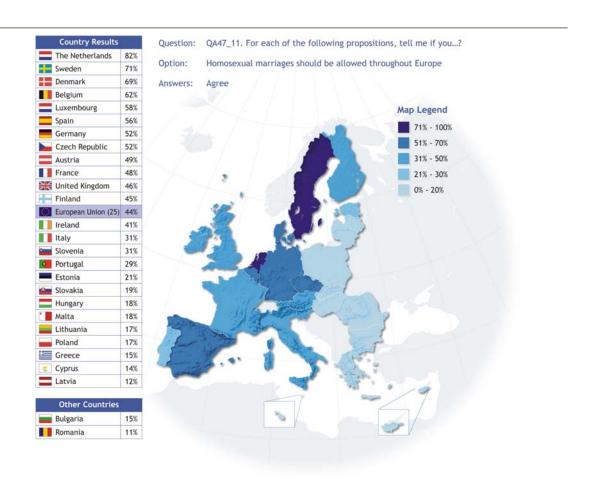


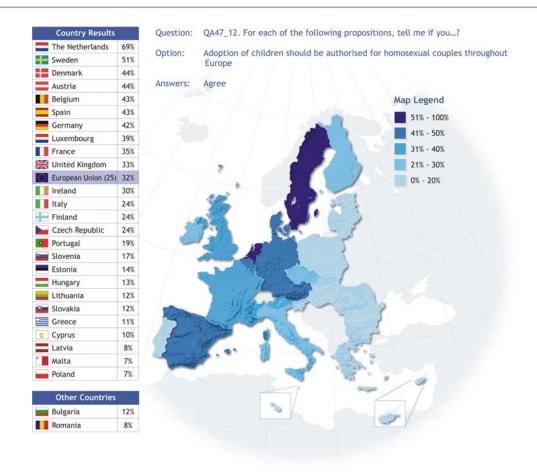
2.4 ATTITUDES TOWARDS HOMOSEXUALITY

"A majority opposed to homosexual marriages and to child adoption by homosexual couples"

The survey also shows that **openness towards homosexuality tends to be quite limited**. On average, only 32% of Europeans feel that homosexual couples should be allowed to adopt children throughout Europe. In fact, in 14 of the 25 Member States less than a quarter of the public accepts adoption by homosexual couples. Public opinion tends to be somewhat more tolerant as regards homosexual marriages: 44% of EU citizens agree that such marriages should be allowed throughout Europe. **It should be noted that some Member States distinguish themselves from the average result by very high acceptance levels:** the Netherlands tops the list with 82% of respondents in favour of homosexual marriages and 69% supporting the idea of adoption by homosexual couples. Opposition is strongest in Greece, Latvia (both 84% and 89%, respectively) and Poland (76% and 89%).

One has to remember that homosexual marriages (or similar union between to persons of the same gender) are allowed in the Netherlands, Belgium, Spain, Sweden and in the UK.





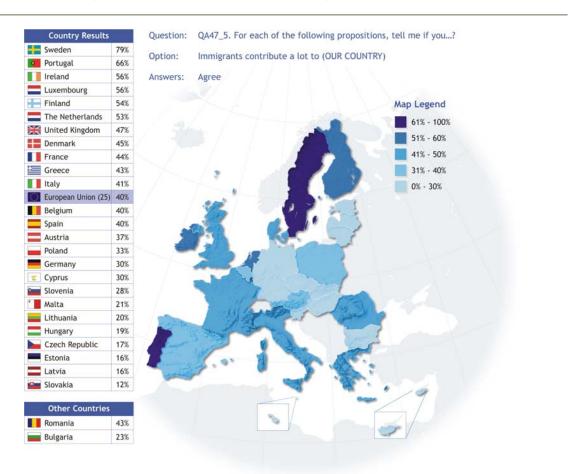
2.5 THE CONTRIBUTION OF IMMIGRANTS TO SOCIETY

"Balanced views on the extent to which immigrants contribute to their country"

On average, **4 out of 10 EU citizens feel that immigrants contribute a lot to their country**. However, the majority of citizens do not agree with this statement (52%).

People who place themselves on the left of the political spectrum are more inclined to agree with the proposal than right wing supporters (50% versus 36% respectively agree with the proposal). Furthermore, the longer people studied, the more positive they tend to be on this question (54% of people who stayed in full-time education until the age of 20 or older feel that immigrants contribute a lot to their country compared with 33% of people who left full-time education before the age of 16).

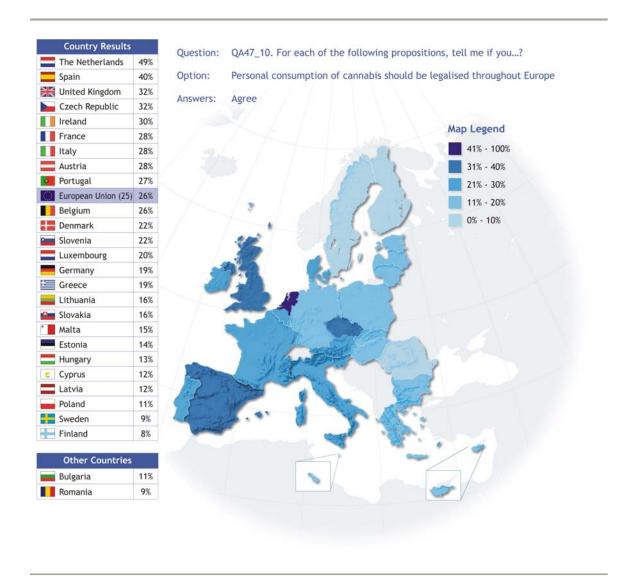
However, the most significant differences in opinion are found at country level: in Sweden around 8 out of 10 people agree that immigrants contribute a lot to their country (79%) compared with only 12% in Slovakia. These figures have to be balanced by the number of immigrants in each of the countries surveyed.



2.6 LEGALISATION OF CANNABIS

"Clear opposition to the legalisation of cannabis throughout Europe"

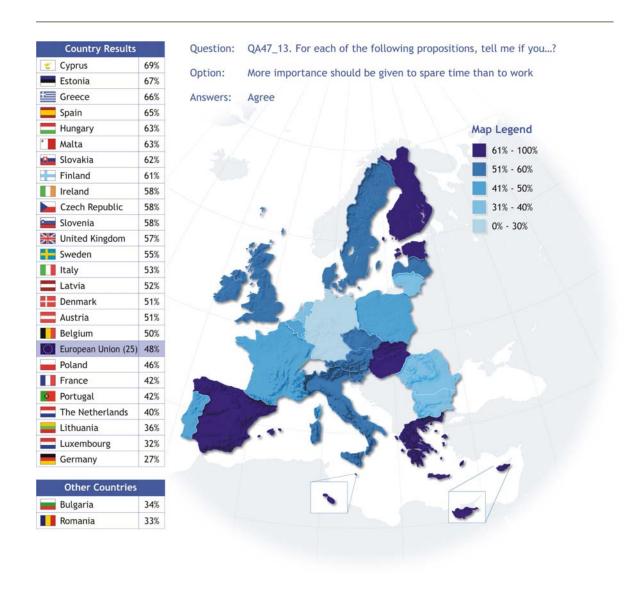
The high level of opposition to the idea that personal consumption of cannabis should be legalised throughout Europe provides further evidence that Europeans feel that there is too much tolerance nowadays. Only around a quarter of European Union citizens agree with this statement (26%), while two thirds disagree with it (68%). Moreover, even young Europeans tend to be opposed to the legalisation of cannabis (57% of respondents aged 15 to 24 disagreed with the statement). However, it must be noted that opinions vary from country to country. In Finland (8%) and Sweden (9%) the idea is rejected outright, whereas in the Netherlands, where the personal Consumption of cannabis is legal, just under half of the respondents feel that cannabis should be legalised throughout Europe (49%).



2.7 THE IMPORTANCE OF SPARE TIME

"Leisure time is also important!"

To finish this chapter on a slightly lighter note, the survey shows that 48% of EU citizens agree that more importance should be given to spare time than to work. Citizens opting for more spare time just narrowly outnumber those who disagree with this statement (45%).



Conclusion

This new wave of the Standard Eurobarometer, carried out in autumn 2006, shows that public opinion for some of the main indicators of support for the European Union is now slightly less positive. At the same time, support for further enlargement has remained stable and support for the European Constitution further improves.

- Support for EU membership now stands at 53% (-2) while the score for the perceived benefits of membership is 54% (no change).
- The European Union's image is positive according to 46% of its citizens (-4) and 33% feel that things are going in the right direction in the European Union (-6).
- Confidence levels for the European institutions are stable: 48% of EU citizens trust in the European Commission (+1) and like in Spring 2006, 52% trust the European Parliament.
- In the countries that have not (yet) ratified the treaty establishing the European Constitution, 53% are in favour of the European Constitution which represents an improvement compared with Spring 2006 (+6)
- The gap between supporters (46%, +1) and opponents (42%, no change) of further enlargement of the EU remains very small.
- The most important personal values of EU citizens are peace, named by 52% of respondents, respect for human life (43%) and human rights (41%).
- The majority of EU citizens (64%) agree that free competition is the best guarantee for economic prosperity and 62% consider that the state intervenes too much in their life.
- EU citizens call for more severity towards criminals.
- The majority of EU citizens does not approve of authorization of homosexual marriages nor for the adoption of children by homosexual couples.
- More than two thirds of respondents are also opposed to the legalisation of personal consumption of cannabis.

Annexes

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

EUROBAROMETER « STANDARD » 66

Between the 6th of September and the 10th of October 2006, TNS Opinion & Social, a consortium created between Taylor Nelson Sofres and EOS Gallup Europe, carried out wave 66 of the "STANDARD" EUROBAROMETER, at the request of the EUROPEAN COMMISSION, Directorate-General Communication, Public Opinion and Media Monitoring.

This STANDARD EUROBAROMETER 66 covers the population of the respective nationalities of the European Union Member States, resident in each of the Member States and aged 15 years and over. The STANDARD EUROBAROMETER 66 has also been conducted in the two acceding countries (Bulgaria and Romania) and in the two candidate countries (Croatia and Turkey), as well as in the Turkish Cypriot Community. In these countries, the survey covers the national population of citizens of the respective nationalities and the population of citizens of all the European Union Member States that are residents in those countries and have a sufficient command of one of the respective national language(s) to answer the questionnaire. The basic sample design applied in all states is a multi-stage, random (probability) one. In each country, a number of sampling points was drawn with probability proportional to population size (for a total coverage of the country) and to population density.

In order to do so, the sampling points were drawn systematically from each of the "administrative regional units", after stratification by individual unit and type of area. They thus represent the whole territory of the countries surveyed according to the EUROSTAT NUTS II (or equivalent) and according to the distribution of the resident population of the respective nationalities in terms of metropolitan, urban and rural areas. In each of the selected sampling points, a starting address was drawn, at random. Further addresses (every Nth address) were selected by standard "random route" procedures, from the initial address. In each household, the respondent was drawn, at random (following the "closest birthday rule"). All interviews were conducted face-to-face in people's homes and in the appropriate national language. As far as the data capture is concerned, CAPI (Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing) was used in those countries where this technique was available.

ABBREVIATIONS	COUNTRIES	INSTITUTES	N° INTERVIEWS	FIELDWOF	RK DATES	POPULATION 15+
BE	Belgium	TNS Dimarso	1.003	6/09/2006	1/10/2006	8.650.994
CZ	Czech Rep.	TNS Aisa	1.091	7/09/2006	26/09/2006	8.571.710
DK/NA	Denmark	TNS Gallup DK/NA	1.003	9/09/2006	10/10/2006	4.411.580
DE	Germany	TNS Infratest	1.525	8/09/2006	4/10/2006	64.361.608
EE	Estonia	Emor	1.000	8/09/2006	2/10/2006	887.094
EL	Greece	TNS ICAP	1.000	6/09/2006	3/10/2006	8.693.566
ES	Spain	TNS Demoscopia	1.003	6/09/2006	5/10/2006	37.024.972
FR	France	TNS Sofres	1.007	6/09/2006	30/09/2006	44.010.619
ΙΕ	Ireland	TNS MRBI	1.000	6/09/2006	10/10/2006	3.089.775
IT	Italy	TNS Abacus	1.006	7/09/2006	5/10/2006	48.892.559
CY	Rep. of Cyprus	Synovate	503	6/09/2006	1/10/2006	596.752
CY(tcc)	Turkish Cypriot Comm.	KADEM	500	7/09/2006	30/09/2006	157.101
LV	Latvia	TNS Latvia	1.015	8/09/2006	9/10/2006	1.418.596
LT	Lithuania	TNS Gallup Lithuania	1.000	6/09/2006	2/10/2006	2.803.661
LU	Luxembourg	TNS ILReS	500	6/09/2006	4/10/2006	374.097
HU	Hungary	TNS Hungary	1.005	6/09/2006	25/09/2006	8.503.379
MT	Malta	MISCO	500	7/09/2006	4/10/2006	321.114
NL	Netherlands	TNS NIPO	1.018	6/09/2006	5/10/2006	13.030.000
AT	Austria	Österreichisches Gallup-Institut	1.016	6/09/2006	5/10/2006	6.848.736
PL	Poland	TNS OBOP	1.000	9/09/2006	4/10/2006	31.967.880
PT	Portugal	TNS EUROTESTE	995	6/09/2006	2/10/2006	8.080.915
SI	Slovenia	RM PLUS	1.031	6/09/2006	5/10/2006	1.720.137
SK	Slovakia	TNS AISA SK	1.023	13/09/2006	26/09/2006	4.316.438
FI	Finland	TNS Gallup Oy	1.000	7/09/2006	4/10/2006	4.348.676
SE	Sweden	TNS GALLUP	1.013	7/09/2006	2/10/2006	7.486.976
UK	United Kingdom	TNS UK	1.308	6/09/2006	7/10/2006	47.685.578
BG	Bulgaria	TNS BBSS	1.035	6/09/2006	20/09/2006	6.671.699
RO	Romania	TNS CSOP	1.047	7/09/2006	29/09/2006	18.173.179
HR	Croatia	Puls	1000	7/09/2006	27/09/2006	3.722.800
TR	Turkey	TNS PIAR	1005	6/09/2006	4/10/2006	47.583.830
TOTAL			29.152	6/09/2006	10/10/2006	444.406.021

For each country a comparison between the sample and the universe was carried out. The Universe description was derived from Eurostat population data or from national statistics offices. For all countries surveyed, a national weighting procedure, using marginal and intercellular weighting, was carried out based on this Universe description. In all countries, gender, age, region and size of locality were introduced in the iteration procedure. For international weighting (i.e. EU averages), TNS Opinion & Social applies the official population figures as provided by EUROSTAT or national statistic offices. The total population figures for input in this post-weighting procedure are listed above.

Readers are reminded that survey results are estimations, the accuracy of which, everything being equal, rests upon the sample size and upon the observed percentage. With samples of about 1,000 interviews, the real percentages vary within the following confidence limits:

Observed percentages	10% or 90%	20% or 80%	30% or 70%	40% or 60%	50%
Confidence limits	± 1.9 points	± 2.5 points	± 2.7 points	± 3.0 points	± 3.1 points

Tables



OA5.1 En ce moment, diriez-vous que, d'une manière générale, les choses vont dans la bonne direction ou dans la mauvaise direction ...? En (NOTRE PAYS)
OA5.1 At the present time, would you say that, in general, things are going in the right direction or in the wrong direction, in...?
(OUR COUNTRY)

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gs are going in the wrong direction 46 +2 36 +6 61 -7 25 +9 44 -1 42 her the one nor the other (SPONTANEOUS) 22 -1 20 -7 +5 14 +3 9 -2 19 -29 colonne: EB 66 automne 2006 LU MT AT	Things are going in the right direction		38	-3	20	+		6-	23	+2	23	-17	40	6-	20	-10	13	-10
ber the one nor the other (SPONTANEOUS) 22 -1 2 4 + 5 5 + 3 9 + 2 5 5 + 1 6 5 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1	Things are going in the wrong direction		36	+6	61	-7		6+	44	-	42	+10	34	+4	56	د	61	+25
O O O O O O O O O O	Neither the one nor the other (SPONTANEOUS)		20	-7	14	+3		-3	27	-7	59	+2	20	+	18	+2	22	-16
Paragraphic EB 66 automne 2006	Д		7	+5	2	د +		+2	2	+	9	+3	9	+	9	+2	4	+
colonne: EB 66 automne 2006 LU MT NL AT PI PP PP PP colonne: Schangement par rapport à EB red colonne: Schangement par rapport à EB red colonne: Schangement par rapport à EB red colonne: Schange 2006 66.1 65.1 65.1 66.1 66	•																	
Fig.	1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	3	_	±	z		ΑT		ᆸ		Б		S		S		ᇤ	
rintemps 2006 fundamental source direction data = 8	2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB		EB	EB	EB	EB		EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
20 column: EB 66 autumn 2006 (5.01 of 1.02) as a gas a good of the origin in the right direction (5.01 of 1.02) as a gas are going in the orther other (SPONTANEOUS) (2.02 of 1.02) as a good of the orther other (SPONTANEOUS) (2.02 of 1.02) as a gas are going in the other (SPONTANEOUS) (2.02 of 1.02) as a gas	65 printemps 2006		1.99	65.1	1.99	65.1		55.1	66.1	55.1	66.1	65.1	66.1	65.1	66.1	65.1	66.1	65.1
the column: B defautumn 2006 Sample Spring 2006 Sample B E B E B E B E B E B E B E B E B E B	Les choses vont dans la bonne direction		33	-4	40	+		9+	7	-16	33	+2	47	0	39	+15	25	6+
Lu, ni l'autre (SPONTANE) 20 0 25 0 26 +2 27 0 15 -2 17 4 +2 7 +5 4 +2 8 0 15 -2 17 SE N	Les choses vont dans la mauvaise direction		32	-	30	-5		9-	9	+19	4	-7	28	+	25	-12	30	-13
se deformer: Be description Be descri	Ni I'un, ni I'autre (SPONTANE)		22	0	56	+2		0	15	-2	17	-2	21	-3	34	-2	16	+3
SE UK BG RO HR EB EB EB EB EB EB 66.1 65.1 66.1 65.1 66.1 66.1 66.1 49 +6 25 -13 33 47 23 32 -5 57 +12 31 23 50 15 -3 11 -2 23 23	NSP		7	+5	4	+2		0	4	-1	10	+3	4	+2	3	0	2	+1
SE UK BG RO HR EB EB EB EB EB EB 66.1 65.1 66.1 66.1 66.1 66.1 66.1 64.1 64.1 26.1 33 47 23 32 -5 57 +12 31 23 50 15 -23 11 -2 25 19 23																		
EB E	1st columb: FB 44 autump 2004	SE	ر	K	BG	RO		TR										
66.1 65.1 66.1 66.1 66.1 66.1 66.1 49. 46. 55. 43. 33. 47. 23. 47. 23. 47. 49. 46. 57. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49	2nd column: 60 observe From FB 4E caring 2004		EB	EB	EB	EB		EB										
49 +6 25 -13 33 47 23 32 -5 57 +12 31 23 50 15 -3 11 -2 25 19 23	zila colaliili. 76 cilalige ilolii EB 63 spiilig 2000		1.99	65.1	1.99	1.99		56.1										
32 -5 57 +12 31 23 50 15 -3 11 -2 25 19 23	Things are going in the right direction		22	-13	33	47		28										
15 -3 11 -2 25 19 23			22	+12	31	23		26										
	Neither the one nor the other (SPONTANEOUS)		7	-2	22	19		4										
+3 7 +3 11 10 4	ă		7	+3	-	10		1										



OA5.2 En ce moment, diriez-vous que, d'une manière générale, les choses vont dans la bonne direction ou dans la mauvaise direction ...?
Dans l'Union européenne
OA5.2 At the present time, would you say that, in general, things are going in the right direction or in the wrong direction, in...?
The European Union

1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	EU25	EU25	EU15	NMS	BE	E	CZ	2	DK		D-W	~	DE	101	D-E	Е	EE		
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	
65 printemps 2006	66.1	65.1	66.1	66.1	1.99	65.1	1.99	65.1	1.99	65.1	66.1	65.1	1.99	65.1	1.99	65.1	66.1	65.1	
Les choses vont dans la bonne direction	33	9-	29	52	37	-7	25	0	36	-14	28	6-	28	-10	30	-13	49	4-	
Les choses vont dans la mauvaise direction	33	9+	36	16	37	ω +	18	0	36	+	39	ω +	38	ω	34	φ	10	0	
Ni I'un, ni I'autre (SPONTANE)	20	ကု	20	20	22	-2	23	٣-	11	-2	23	<u></u>	24	0	27	+	18	-2	
NSP	14	+3	14	12	3	+	7	+3	12	9+	10	+2	10	+2	6	+2	22	8+	
1st column: EB 66 autumn 2006		EL	ES	S	FR	8	IE	111	П		СУ		cy (tcc)	LV		LT		HU	
2nd column: % change from EB 65 spring 2006	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	66.1	65.1	1.99	65.1	66.1	65.1	66.1	65.1	66.1	65.1	66.1	65.1	1.99	66.1	65.1	66.1	65.1	66.1	65.1
Things are going in the right direction	42	+	32	4-	22	-7	51	-5	59	-4	32	-15	34	48	-10	22	-3	38	+
Things are going in the wrong direction	33	+	24	+	20	+2	14	+3	31	φ	20	9+	59	18	4	7	+3	23	8+
Neither the one nor the other (SPONTANEOUS)	24	4-	20	6-	16	+2	10	-4	56	-7	56	+2	18	11	ر +	13	+3	56	-15
DK	1	0	22	+10	12	+3	24	+2	13	+2	22	+7	19	16	+2	19	-3	13	+5
1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006		-C	MT	_	Z	7	A	_	P		PT	_	S		SK	>	FI		
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	
65 printemps 2006	66.1	65.1	1.99	65.1	1.99	65.1	1.99	65.1	1.99	65.1	66.1	65.1	1.99	65.1	1.99	65.1	66.1	65.1	
Les choses vont dans la bonne direction	59	φ	34	9-	31	-1	30	9+	22	-3	4	0	26	0	51	6+	32	9-	
Les choses vont dans la mauvaise direction	44	φ+	23	+2	32	+	37	-7	15	+2	22	+	16	+2	10	4-	11	-5	
Ni I'un, ni I'autre (SPONTANE)	20	4-	22	4-	25	9-	56	0	11	-4	11	-4	20	-4	30	-5	19	9+	
NSP	7	+3	21	8+	12	+2	7	+	13	+2	17	+2	7	+	6	+	8	+3	
1st column: FB 66 autumn 2006	S	Е	ב	¥	BG	RO	품	TR											
2nd collimp: % change from FB 45 spring 2004	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB											
zira colariiri. 76 criarige irorii EB 65 spriirig 2000	66.1	65.1	66.1	65.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	66.1											
Things are going in the right direction	31	6-	24	-10	51	22	59	36											
Things are going in the wrong direction	29	0	43	+10	80	14	30	38											
Neither the one nor the other (SPONTANEOUS)	21	7	10	-5	13	10	27	4											
DK	19	+10	23	+5	28	19	15	22											



OA7a D'une façon générale, pensez-vous que le fait pour (NOTRE PAYS) de faire partie de l'Union européenne est ... ? OA7a Generally speaking, do you think that (OUR COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union is...?

1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	EU25	EU25	EU15	NMS	BE		CZ		DK	~	M-Q	>	DE	ш	D-E	Ш	H	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	1.99	65.2	1.99	1.99	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2
Une bonne chose	23	-5	52	26	69	+ 4	51	<u></u>	61	-4	29	+	28	+	54	-2	26	+2
Une mauvaise chose	16	+3	17	6	10	0	10	+	14	+3	13	+	14	+2	16	+4	œ	7
Une chose ni bonne, ni mauvaise	27	-	56	33	21	-4	38	0	24	+	25	-2	56	-2	59	-	34	-3
NSP	4	0	4	2	0	0	1	0	2	+1	3	0	3	0	1	-1	3	0
1c+ column: ED 66 21times 2006	Ξ	Γ]	ES		FR	•	3 I				CA		۲N		LI		HU	_
2nd column: 8/ shanes from FB 45 coring 2004	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
zna column: % cnange irom EB ob spring zouo	1,99	65.2	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2
A good thing	22	+4	62	-10	20	+	78	+	25	-4	47	-2	43	9+	62	+3	39	-10
A bad thing	12	<u>-</u>	6	د	19	+2	7	0	14	+3	13	-4	1	-3	10	0	19	6+
Neither good nor bad	31	-5	19	4	30	-2	12	-2	59	+2	39	+7	44	-3	25	<u>-</u>	38	0
Σ	0	0	10	۴	_	<u>_</u>	٣	0	2	-	-	<u>_</u>	7	0	7	٣-	က	0
1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	_	ΓΩ	MT		IN		AT		Ы		PT		S		SK	>	F	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2
Une bonne chose	74	+2	45	+	72	-2	36	+2	62	9+	20	+3	22	+3	61	9+	39	0
Une mauvaise chose	6	+	15	-3	12	+3	23	<u></u>	9	-	18	+	9	0	9	0	23	-ع
Une chose ni bonne, ni mauvaise	16	-5	36	0	15	<u>_</u>	37	+2	31	-4	28	-4	36	-2	31	-5	38	+4
NSP	1	-1	3	+	1	0	2	-1	2	0	4	-3	0	-2	2	-1	1	0
2000 months 2 / GT	S	SE	Š															
2nd column: % change from FB 65 spring 2006	EB	EB	EB	EB														
o cuango mon ca	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2														
A good thing	49	0	34	φ														
A bad thing	56	+7	31	9+														
Neither good nor bad	22	4-	28	0														
ă	-	7	7	+2														



OA8a Tout bien considéré, estimez-vous que (NOTRE PAYS) a bénéficié ou non de son appartenance à l'Union européenne ? OA8a Taking everything into account, would you say that (OUR COUNTRY) has on balance benefited or not from being a member of the European Union?

Tre colonne : FB 66 automne 2006	FII25	FIIDE	F1115	NMS	RF		C.7		DK		ν-0	>	J.	l	7	4	11	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	FB	EB	FB		FB		EB	FB	FB	FB	FB		FB	HB.	FB		FB
	66.1	65.2	66.1	66.1	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
Bénéficié	54	0	52	67	67	+	99	+4	74	<u></u>	20	+3	46	+3	44	+2	72	9+
Pas bénéficié	34	+	36	22	27	-4	27	۳-	17	+2	40	4-	41	4-	44	9-	17	-3
NSP	12	0	12	10	9	+2	7	-1	6	-1	10	+1	10	+	12	+4	10	-4
100 company / Call 100	Ξ		ES	,	FR	~	H		┺		ბ		۲۸		디		呈	
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB		EB
zna column: % change from EB 65 spring 2006	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2		65.2
Benefited	74	+2	64	-7	20	0	87	0	47	-7	46	9+	62	+7	77	+5		-1
Not benefited	25	-	20	+7	39	<u>_</u>	7	0	38	ω ⁺	44	-5	28	-7	13	0	45	+13
ă	7	0	16	0	1	+	9	-	15	-2	10	-2	6	<u></u>	10	4-		-2
																		Ī
1re colonne: EB 66 automne 2006	ĭ	-	MT	_	N		AT	_	PL		PT		S		SK		FI	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
Bénéficié	4	-4	28	φ+	62	-	43	+4	73	6+	61	+5	71	۴	71	+	46	+
Pas bénéficié	27	+7	28	6-	56	0	42	7	16	-7	30	+	24	<u></u>	21	+	45	-3
NSP	9	-2	15	+2	8	0	15	-3	11	-2	6	-9	2	-3	8	-2	8	+
10¢ column: EB 44 cution 2004	S	SE	nK	V														
	EB	EB	EB	EB														
zila colullii. 76 cilalige ilolii Eb 63 spillig 2006	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2														
Benefited	41	-5	39	ი-														
Not benefited	43	+2	47	+3														
Xa	17	+	13	7														



OA10 En général, l'Union européenne évoque-t-elle pour vous une image très positive, assez positive, neutre, assez négative ou tres négative ? OA10 In general, does the European Union conjure up for you a very positive, fairly positive, neutral, fairly negative or very negative image?

1re colonne: EB 66 automne 2006	FU25	FU25	FU15	NMS	В		Ö	2		Ā	۵	×	٥	ш	۵	ш	Ш	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	66.1	65.2	66.1	66.1	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2
Très positive	7	-2	7	6	7	+	6	0	6	+3	7	+3	9	+2	٣	0	9	0
Assez positive	39	-2	38	43	47	-	39	-2	33	-2	37	-3	36	-3	34	<u></u>	42	ω +
Neutre	34	+2	34	36	34	0	34	+	36	4-	36	0	37	7	40	-5	43	-3
Assez négative	14	+2	14	6	6	,	14	+	5	С	5	C	16	+	17	+4	9	-4
Très négative	. 4	· c	. 4				٠,			, ~	٠,	, ,	. 4	· c	LC.	+	· -	٠,
NSP	. ო	, [+	. 6	· -	0	0	0	-	· -	0	8	+	. 4	, —	· -	. 0	. 4	. 0
Positive	46	-4	45	52	54	0	48	-2	42	0	44	0	42	-	37	-	48	8+
Négative	17	+2	19	11	1	-	18	+2	21	+4	18	-1	19	+	22	+2	7	-5
1st column: FB 66 autumn 2006	ш	L	В	S	щ	~	=	E	_	_	ပ	_	ر د≺	tcc)	1	,		
2nd column: % change from FB 45 spring 2004	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	B	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
zira colariiri. 78 change moni EB ob spinig zood	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2
Very positive	15	9+	œ	-2	9	0	24	-4	6	6-	14	<u>_</u>	23	6-	9	+2	6	-2
Fairly positive	42	۴-	43	φ	40	-2	46	+4	47	-3	45	+2	33	+4	38	9+	46	+4
Neutral	31	0	35	φ+	33	+2	16	-	31	9+	30	+	20	-	43	-4	37	+
Fairly negative	7	-4-	_	+	7	c	Ľ	+	0	+	12	+	12	. ~	-	۲,	4	۲,
Very pegative	٠,	٠,				, -	,		٠,		٠ !	,	! a			, -	-	, c
Very riegative	, c	, c	- 4	0 0	0 0	+ +	۷ 4	0 0	۰ د		٠,	, c	ס ע	+ + 2 C	, -		- ~) T
Docition Docition	9 6	٠.	2	2 5	7 7	- (1,2	0	7	2,	- 73	7	2 4	7+	- 72	9 9	2 1	- 6
Nootive	0 7) -	- r	- :	5 6	7 .	2 -		5 5	7 7	5 5		0 0	٠ ·	5 5	0 <	G 1	٠ +
Ivegalive	-	†		7	20	-		-		Þ	2	7-	20	Þ	2	į	,	7
Tre colonge : EB 44 automoe 2004					2		2			F			٥		Ü		10	
	L	2]	,	≥	-	2	7	1	=	L		۱		¹		'n	
Zieme colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	99.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	96.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
Très positive	4	-4	ω	0	7	+2	ო	7	9	-	=	-	7	-2	7	۴3	6	+2
Assez positive	32	-13	45	<u></u>	32	<u></u>	37	-5	58	+3	47	+	43	+10	51	0	46	+3
Neutre	44	6+	28	<u>-</u>	34	۳	40	+3	37	+	32	+	33	+	30	ကု	34	-4
Assez négative	16	+7	15	+3	10	-57	18	+3	24	,	9	,	12	-2	2	0	œ	-2
Très négative	м	+2	4	+	4	+	7	0	4	-2	-	0	7	,	_	+	7	0
NSP	-	0	_	0	Ŋ	0	0	7	_	0	-	-	m	۳,	-	7	-	0
Positive	36	-17	25	-2	46	0	40	-5	34	+2	22	+	20	+5	62	+2	22	9+
Négative	19	+8	19	+4	15	-3	20	+3	28	-3	7	-2	15	-2	7	+2	10	-2
1st column: FB 66 autumn 2006	_	1	S	ш	_	¥	ĕ	G	Ľ	0	Ï	~	Ė	~				
2nd collimp: % change from FB 45 spring 2006	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	B	EB	EB	EB	EB				
	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2				
Very positive	7	-	7	+3	Ω	0	20	+2	12	-5	7	-	20	+				
Fairly positive	32	+2	30	-5	23	9-	43	+2	24	+7	56	-	35	+				
Neutral	44	+2	31	-5	30	-2	24	+	21	-4	36	0	15	œ				
Fairly negative	. 6	Ψ-	25	1	23	+ 1 K		+	-	+	2	0 0		۲ ،				
Very negative	٠ (ן נ	: c	7 1	- +	, ,	. ,	٠,	- +	įα	7	. ~) c				
	٠,	· c	۰ ،	0 0	2 4	- +	1 6	- 4-	1 10	. c	۰ ،	C	2 4	,				
Docitivo	. 72	,	27	,	30	4	6.3	. 7	45	,	2	۰ د	25	1,10				
Nogativo	ş ç	+ + +	6	7 -	9 7 6	0 -	3 5	+ +	6 0	- c	3 8	, .	0 6	- c				
Medalive	٦	י	S	ŀ	20	\ +	2	-	7	9	47	7 +	1	7-				



OA14 En utilisant cette échelle, combien estimez-vous en savoir sur l'Union européenne, ses politiques, ses institutions ? OA14 Using this scale, how much do you feel you know about the EU, its policies, its institutions?

Tre colonne: EB 66 automne 2006	F1125	F1125	F1115	SMN	B		CZ		٥		٥	*	۵	ш	۵	4	ш	ш
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	65.2	66.1	66.1	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
1 Ne sait rien du tout	9	+3	10	œ	12	+7	7	+2	က	+	2	+2	2	+3	9	+4	7	+
2	13	+3	13	1	13	+2	1	+2	ø	+2	10	+3	10	+3	10	+	œ	+
2	18	+	18	19	19	+2	20	+2	12	+2	16	+2	16	+2	20	φ +	18	+
4	16	+	16	16	15	<u>_</u>	8	د +	18	+2	15	+	15	+	12	+	16	4-
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9	-	-5	7	9	9	9-	9	-4	7	<u>_</u>	12	-4	12	-4	12	ကု	12	۲
7	^	_د	7	ω	7	-5	10	+	7	-2	6	-5	10	-2	12	-5	ω	+
<u> </u>	4	<u>_</u>	4	4	က	0	4	۳-	œ	+	7	-	7	<u></u>	9	0	4	0
6	-	0	-	-	-	0	-	0	-	<u>_</u>	7	0	7	0	-	<u>-</u>	0	<u>-</u>
10 En sait beaucoup	-	0	-	_	0	7	7	+	က	0	7	+	7	+	7	+	_	0
NSP	-	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	+	-	+	0	0	-	0
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1st column: FB 66 autumn 2006	_	اب	ш	S	FR		E				ပ	_	C C	tcc)		>		
2000 paires 34 93 mort speeds /0 semiles bac	EB	EB	B	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	B	EB	EB	EB	EB	В
ZIIU CUUIIIII. 76 CIIAIIYE IIUIII ED 03 SPIIIIY ZUUG	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
1 Know nothing at all	α	c	16	+ 2	10	+ 1	α	+	=	,	12	+2	L.	C	9	+	=	+
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и с	- ;		9 9			2 4	1 1) (2 [+ c	2 4		, ;	۰ ر	1 2	٠ -	- 0	۲ <u>۱</u>
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9	13	+	ω	<u>_</u>	œ	-5	9	-3	12	₋	Ξ	+	16	+3	10	4-	7	-2
7	15	9+	9	+	4	-5	6	0	9	5-	6	-2	6	-5	œ	-	7	-4
<u></u>	7	+4	т	0	7	<u></u>	4	0	e	,	e	-5	4	-5	2	+2	4	0
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Zieme colonne: % changement par rapport a EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
1 Ne sait rien du tout	16	+	7	C	12	4	4	+2	7	-2	9	+	6	-	4	+	4	+
,	α	C+	Ľ	_	7	_	_	7	α	· +	0	C	7	ц	12	4	-	+
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7	. ;	٠,	;	, c) L	2 4	> -	2 6	· `	- ;	, (1 2	7	2 -	, c	2 1	7 כ
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٩	4	4-	7.7	0	77	7+	20	7-	8	.,	22	0	7.7	7-	7	+	20	۲-
9	œ	-5	12	-5	6	-4	20	-7	12	0	9	-	10	+2	Ξ	ကု	13	0
7	9	0	13	0	=	0	14	9-	9	0	œ	-2	6	+3	10	0	10	+
80	က	0	9	7	9	+2	4	<u></u>	9	+	က	-2	က	+2	9	-2	7	+
Ó	-	C	ĸ	+2	-	C	c	,	0	C	-	C	,	+	-	,	2	C
10 En sait beaucoun) [,			, ,	, ,	. +	٠,) C		0 0					٠,) C
NSP			٠,	+		· c	- c	_ c	- ,-) C		7	۰ -	· c	- c	7	۰ ،) C
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1st column: EB 66 autumn 2006	FB	FB	FB	FR	FB	FB	FB	FB	FB	FR	FB	FR	FB	FB				
2nd column: % change from EB 65 spring 2006	7 4	45.2	7 4	45.2	1 4	45.2	7 4 7	45.2	7 4	7 2	744	45.2	144	7 2 7				
1 Know nothing at all	- - - -	4	- - - -		- a	4.5.4	- - -	4.5	- - -	7.5	5 5	7. 6	. a	2.50				
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8	8	+7	11	0	8	+2	8	+2	4	4-	1	+2	4	+				
4	18	+2	18	<u>_</u>	16	+	18	+3	16	0	16	+2	12	+2				
O.	21	0	21	0	15	-4	17	-2	18	7	19	۳-	15	-4				
9	14	9-	16	+2	7	6	6	-3	7	0	12	-	=	+				
	6	-7	10	?	4	4-	9	С	9	+	7	۲,	α	+				
. 00	Ŋ	-2	Ŋ	-5	- 2	<u>, </u>	7	-2	Ŋ	0	4	-2	м	0				
<u> 6</u>	0	<u></u>	7	+	0		-	0	8	, +	. 4	· -	0	7				
10 Know a great deal	0	0	0	7	-	0	7	0	-	0	-	-	ю	+				
X	0	· -	0	0	· m	+2	ı m	0	4	0	-	0	4	+2				



OA19.1 Et pour chacune d'entre elles, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en elle. Le Parlement européen OA19.1 And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it?

The European Parliament

1re colonne: EB 66 automne 2006	EU25	EU25	EU15	NMS	BE		CZ		DK		D-W	>	DE		D-E	lil	EE	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB		EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	65.2	1.99	66.1	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2		65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2
Plutôt confiance	25	0	20	61	67	+2	62	+2	62	0	23	+3		+3	51	9+	26	+7
Plutôt pas confiance	32	+2	34	22	59	<u></u>	28	0	56	+4	35	+	35	0	38	5-	16	+
NSP	16	-3	16	17	4	-1	10	-5	6	-3	12	-4	12	-4	12	-2	25	-8
																•		
1st column: EB 66 autumn 2006	В	EL	ES	3	FR		IE		_		Ċ		CY (tcc)	():	۲N	,	LT	
2nd column: % change from EB 45 enring 2004	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
zila colaliili. 78 cilalige ilolii EB 63 spillig 2000	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2		65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
Tend to trust	70	+7	21	+4	20	0	99	4	26	6-	22	٣-		-13	47	+7	09	9+
Tend not to trust	59	-7	22	-3	34	+	12	5-	56	+14	19	+2		+7	24	+3	17	+3
DK	1	0	27	-1	17	0	22	-1	15	-5	24	-2		+5	28	-11	23	-8
		,																
1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	_	머	רו		MT		N		AT		Ы		ΡT		S		SK	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB		EB	EB	EB		EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2
Plutôt confiance	9	9-	63	<u></u>	29	+7	28	4	20	9+	26	+3		+2	73	ω		6+
Plutôt pas confiance	23	6+	25	+	16	-7	34	<u></u>	37	+2	21	<u>-</u>		+	19	9-		-2
NSP	12	-3	12	0	25	0	6	-1	13	-8	20	-2		-3	7	-3		9-
				•				-		•		•						
1st column: FP 44 autumn 2004	_	FI	SE	=	UK		BG		RO	_	HR	-	TR					
4	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB			EB				
Zita colatiiti. 78 citarige itotii EB 83 spriitig 2000	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2				
Tend to trust	26	+3	28	6+	25	9-	22	4	64	+ 21	46			0				
Tend not to trust	32	-	28	-2	25	9+	15	0	12	0	36			+4				
DK	8	-3	14	-9	23	0	30	-5	24	-5	18	_		-5				



OA19.2 Et pour chacune d'entre elles, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en elle. La Commission européenne OA19.2 And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it?

The European Commission

1re colonne: EB 66 automne 2006	EU25	EU25	EU15	NMS	BE	,,,	CZ		DK	_	M-Q	>	DE		D-E	ļ.,	EE	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	1.99	65.2	1.99	66.1	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
Plutôt confiance	48	+	46	26	89	+2	29	9+	22	0	45	<u>-</u>	42	0	44	+7	29	+7
Plutôt pas confiance	31	+2	33	21	27	۴-	27	0	31	+3	38	+3	38	+2	35	-5	15	+
NSP	21	-3	21	20	2	-2	14	9-	14	-2	20	-2	20	-2	21	-2	26	-7
1st column: FB 44 autumn 2004	E	Ţ	ES	,,	FR	~	3 I		Ц		CY	,	CY (t	(tcc)	ΓΛ		רו	
2nd column: % change from EB 45 enring 2004	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
ZIIU COIUIIII: % CHAIIGE HOIH EB 63 SPIIIIG 2006	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
Tend to trust	89	+7	49	+	47	ر +	09	ر 4	25	φ	22	-2	40	-14	46	ω +	29	6+
Tend not to trust	31	φ	22	-2	33	-2	13	-2	56	+14	18	+3	36	6+	24	+3	15	+2
Xa	-	0	59	-2	20	-	56	-2	19	9-	28	0	25	9+	31	-10	56	-1
1re colonne: EB 66 automne 2006	I	임	בן	_	MT	L	N		AT		PL		ΡΤ		S		SK	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
Plutôt confiance	9	-3	63	+4	21	9+	54	+3	45	+2	28	+2	09	+2	73	φ	99	+ 10
Plutôt pas confiance	22	9+	23	-2	4	-5	56	0	40	+	50	-2	21	0	18	4-	20	-3
NSP	17	-4	14	-2	28	-3	16	-3	15	-4	22	-3	19	-5	6	-4	14	-7
1st column: ED 44 autumn 2004	H		SE		UK	~	BG		RO	(HR	~	TR					
2nd column: % change from EB 45 enring 2004	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB				
zina colaliili. 76 cilalige ilolii EB 03 spillig 2000	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2				
Tend to trust	24	+3	23	6+	25	٣-	51	+7	62	ω +	43	+4	32	۴				
Tend not to trust	37	+	56	<u></u>	48	9+	15	<u>-</u>	7	<u></u>	36	-	39	+3				
X	6	-4	21	φ	27	-3	34	9-	56	φ	7	-3	59	9-				



OA25.2 Quelle est votre opinion sur chacune des propositions suivantes ? Veuillez me dire, pour chaque proposition, si vous êtes pour ou si vous êtes contre. Une politique étrangère commune aux pays de I'UE vis-à-vis des autres pays

r it or against it.

1re colonne: EB 66 automne 2006	EU25	EU25	EU15	NMS	В	BE	CZ	2	DK		M-O	_	DE		D-E	Е	EE	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	65.2	1.99	66.1	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
Pour	89	+	99	75	74	-2	89	0	62	+	9/	4-	77	4-	80	-5	49	+2
Contre	21	0	22	16	23	+2	56	+3	31	0	17	+2	16	+	4	+2	18	-2
NSP	11	-1	12	9	3	0	9	-2	7	-1	7	+2	7	+2	9	+3	15	-3
1st column: ED 44 autumn 2004	Ш	EL	3	ES	F	FR	3I		TI I		CY			(tcc)	ΓN	/	LT	
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB		EB
ZIIG COLUIIII. 76 CHAILIGE HOITI EB 63 SPIIIIG 2006	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
For	80	+3	9	+	70	+ 21	29	-5	2	+2	78	+2	48	φ	73	6+		+ 10
Against	19	-3	14	+2	23	-3	20	+2	16	0	13	£+	30	+2	15	-4		<u></u>
Ĭ.	-	0	21	-3	œ	<u>_</u>	21	+	14	-2	10	-4	22	£+	12	-5		6-
1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	_	HI	7	n	M		Z		AT		PL		ΡΤ		S		SK	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB		EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
Pour	73	-2	72	+2	22	φ +	89	+2	63	+4	78	+		+7	80	+	74	+3
Contre	13	+	18	7	20	-5	27	-2	54	-5	14	+		+3	16	+	20	<u></u>
NSP	14	+1	10	-4	25	-3	2	-2	13	+1	6	-1		-10	4	-5	9	-2
1st column: ED 44 autumn 2004	_	FI	3S	E	UK	K	BG		RO		HR		TR					
2nd column: 90 change from EB 45 caring 2004	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB		EB	EB	EB				
	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2				
For	61	+2	51	+	48	-2	70	۳+	2	۳+		-	39	-2				
Against	34	-2	40	+	32	+2	7	0	=	+2		+3	4	φ+				
古	9	Γ-	6	<u>_</u>	17	0	19	-3	19	-5		-2	21	-5				



OA25.3 Quelle est votre opinion sur chacune des propositions suivantes? Yeuillez me dire, pour chaque proposition, si vous êtes pour ou si vous êtes contre. Une politique de sécurité et de défense commune des Etats membres de l'UE OA25.3 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. A common défence and security policy among EU Member States

1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	EU25	EU25	EU15	NMS	BE		CZ		DK		M-O	>	DE		D-E		EE	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB		EB		EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB		EB
65 printemps 2006	1,99	65.2	1.99	66.1	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2
Pour	75	0	73	84	88	+3	98	<u>-</u>	89	0	83	۳-	84	-2	87	0	82	+4
Contre	16	+	17	10	10	-3	12	+ 4	56	+	12	+2	12	+2	10	<u></u>	7	-
NSP	6	-1	6	9	2	+1	2	-3	9	-1	2	+	4	0	3	+2	12	-2
10¢ column: EB 44 cultural 2004	╗	7	ES	•	FR	~	3I		П		CΛ		CY (1	(tcc)	ΓΛ	,	П	
2nd column: % change from EB 45 spring 2004	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
For	82	0	69	+2	81	+	25	-7	74	0	89	+2	51	6-	98	+2	82	+ 10
Against	17	0	7	+2	14	+	24	+	14	+	9	+2	28	ω	7	<u>-</u>	4	ڊ- -
<u>'</u>	-	0	19	-5	2	-1	23	+2	1	-2	9	٣-	21	+	7	4-	1	9-
																		Ī
1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	I	н	L		MT	L	N		AT		PL		PT		S		SK	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2
Pour	81	0	82	+3	64	6+	78	0	62	+7	84	<u></u>	89	+7	98	4	98	+3
Contre	6	+	6	0	12	9-	18	+	56	9-	10	+2	15	+4	12	0	10	<u>, </u>
NSP	10	-1	9	-3	25	-2	3	-2	11	-2	9	-1	17	-11	3	-3	4	-2
10¢ column: EB 44 cultural 2004	Ē		SE		Λ)	BG		RO	_	HR	~	TR	~				
2nd column: 9/ change from ED 45 enring 2004	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB				
	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2				
For	62	+	26	۳-	21	0	9/	9+	9/	+	7	4-	20	+7				
Against	34	+2	37	+4	56	-	10	+2	7	+2	21	+2	28	-2				
ă	4	ကု	7	<u>-</u>	14	+	14	-7	17	-2	6	<u>-</u>	21	9-				



OA25.4 Quelle est votre opinion sur chacune des propositions suivantes? Veuillez me dire, pour chaque proposition, si vous êtes pour ou si vous êtes contre. L'élargissement de l'UE à d'autres pays dans les années à venir OA25.4 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. Further enlargement of the EU to include other countries in future years

1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	FU25	EU25	EU15	SMN	BE	L1	CZ		DK		M-Q	>	DE	יט	D-E		33	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB		EB		EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB		EB
65 printemps 2006	1.99	65.2	1,99	66.1	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
Pour	46	+	41	72	46	+	9	+7	48	-3	56	+2	30	+2	34	+2	29	6+
Contre	42	0	47	18	51	-2	28	-4	46	+	9	7	64	-2	9	-2	56	9-
NSP	12	7	12	7	7	0	7	-4	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	+	15	-4
10t column: EB 44 cutima 2004	╗		ES	S	FR	~	31		Ξ		CΛ	ļ	CY (t	(tcc)	۲۸	,	L	
2nd column: % change from EB 45 enring 2004	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
For	71	+15	51	-4	34	ر +	48	د 4	47	<u></u>	99	φ+	54	-1	63	6+	89	φ
Against	28	-14	21	9+	28	-4	31	+2	36	+4	18	٣-	56	6+	56	-4	18	-2
<u>`</u>	-	7	28	<u>-</u>	7	0	22	-4	17	۴-	17	۴-	20	+	7	-5	14	9-
1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	I	₽	ΓΩ	ſ	IM	L	N		AT		PL		PT	_	S		SK	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	1.99	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
Pour	9	9+	32	+2	99	+ 10	45	+2	31	4	9/	4	54	+7	74	+	69	+
Contre	22	4	64	<u>_</u>	16	-5	48	-2	22	4-	12	4-	28	۴	21	0	21	-4
NSP	13	-3	4	-4	19	9-	7	0	11	-1	11	0	18	-10	4	-2	11	-6
10t column: EB 44 cutima 2004	Ē	_	SE	יט	N	_	BG		RO		HR	~	TR	~				
2nd column: 90 change from ED 45 chring 2004	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB				
	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2				
For	43	φ+	23	+4	36	φ	67	+ 21	89	<u>-</u>	64	0	20	+				
Against	52	φ	37	-2	51	6+	7	د	6	+4	22	+	59	0				
ă	4	-5	10	-5	13	<u>-</u>	22	φ	23	ကု	14	<u>_</u>	21	-4				



OA35 D'après ce que vous en savez, diriez-vous que vous êtes favorable ou opposé(e) à la Constitution européenne ? OA35 According to what you know, would you say that you are in favour of or opposed to the European Constitution?

1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	EU25	EU25	EU15	NMS	CZ	2	DK	>	FR	~	-	IE	CY ((tcc)	2	NL	PL	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EВ	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	65.2	66.1	66.1	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2
Tout à fait favorable	12	+2	12	15	œ	+2	12	+ 4	13	+2	14	+3	18	-	21	+	17	φ
Plutôt favorable	40	0	39	45	42	+ 4	39	9-	43	0	45	+2	25	9-	38	+2	46	<u></u>
Plutôt opposé(e)	17	-5	18	13	23	+	25	0	21	-3	9	-3	9	-5	15	9-	10	-3
Tout à fait opposé(e)	7	+	13	2	7	-2	10	+3	7	+	4	+	14	+11	16	7	4	0
NSP	19	ις	19	22	20	-7	14	0	12	-2	32	-5	36	0	10	+2	23	-4
Favorable	23	9+	20	09	20	8+	51	-2	99	+2	26	8+	43	-7	69	9+	63	+7
Opposé	28	-1	31	18	30	-1	35	+2	31	-4	6	-3	21	+7	31	-8	14	-3
1ct column: EB 44 cutum 2004	PT		FI		SE		NK	>	BG	5	R	RO	1	HR		TR		
2nd column: 92 change from EB 45 enring 2004	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB		
	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2	66.1	65.2		
Totally in favour	12	6+	-	+4	7	+7	7	+3	20	+10	59	+15	15	+10	19	+12		
Fairly in favour	48	φ+	45	+4	39	۳+	33	-	40	9+	41	+	45	+7	28	+		
Fairly opposed	10	+	22	-5	11	+	18	-	9	+2	4	<u>-</u>	13	0	13	-4		
Totally opposed	7	+	10	<u></u>	6	+2	17	+	-	-	3	+	7	0	13	+2		
DK	27	-19	12	-5	24	-14	24	-7	33	-17	24	-15	22	-17	56	-14		
In favour	09	+17	99	8+	20	+ 10	40	+2	09	+16	70	+16	22	+16	47	+13		
Opposed	13	+2	32	-3	26	+4	35	+3	7	0	9	-1	20	0	27	+		



OA47.1 Pour chacune des propositions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous êtes ...? L'Etat intervient trop dans notre vie OA47.1 For each of the following propositions, tell me if you...? The State intervenes too much in our lives

1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	EU15	EU15	EU25	NMS	BE		CZ	DK		M-Q	>	DE		D-E	ļ.,	33	Ħ	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	1.09	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.09	1.99	66.1	60.1	1.99	60.1	66.1	1.09	66.1	1.09	1.99	66.1	60.1
Tout à fait d'accord	24	+	24	19	23	9-	18	18	+3	30	ω +	30	+7	30	+5	7	28	6-
Plutôt d'accord	39	-2	39	39	41	+2	40	30	-10	35	φ	36	-7	36	-4	20	38	-5
Plutôt pas d'accord	56	+2	27	31	31	6+	34	39	φ+	24	0	25	+	27	+2	42	25	+12
Pas du tout d'accord	9	0	9	9	4	+	2	7	+2	œ	+2	7	+	4	-2	24	œ	د
NSP	2	-1	5	4	1	-5	2	2	-3	3	-2	3	-2	3	-1	7	0	-3
D'accord	63	-	62	28	64	-4	28	48	-2	9	0	9	0	9	0	28	29	-12
Pas d'accord	32	+2	33	38	35	+ 6	40	50	+ 10	32	+2	32	+2	31	0	99	33	+16
															•		Ī	
1st column: FD 64 autumn 2006	Ш	ES	FR	~	IE		_		СУ	۲N	LT	LU		HU	MT	N		
2nd column: 9/ change from EB 4E caring 2004	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB											
ZIIG COIGIIIII. 76 CIIGIIGE IIOIII ED 63 SPIIIIG ZOOG	66.1	60.1	1.99	60.1	1.99	60.1	1.99	60.1	1.99	1.99	1,99	1.99	1.09	1.99	1.99	66.1	60.1	
Totally agree	14	-5	23	-3	19	4-	21	0	23	13	13	20	4	37	18	54	+7	
Tend to agree	38	0	39	۳-	37	0	46	+2	27	23	53	24	+2	36	37	33	9-	
Tend to disagree	31	+7	27	4	30	+ 21	22	+2	32	4	36	40	+	18	28	32	0	
Totally disagree	7	-2	7	+2	7	+	9	۳-	7	19	16	7	φ	2	œ	9	+	
DK	6	-1	2	+1	7	-3	2	-1	2	4	9	4	+1	4	6	2	-2	
Agree	25	-2	62	-2	99	-3	29	+2	20	36	42	45	9+	73	22	22	+	
Disagree	38	+5	33	+4	38	+7	28	-1	45	9	52	51	-7	23	36	41	+2	
1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	AT	T	PL	PT		SI	SK	FI		SE		UK		BG	RO			
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB			
65 printemps 2006	66.1	60.1	1.99	66.1	1.09	1.99	1.99	66.1	60.1	1.99	1.09	66.1	1.09	1.99	1.99			
Tout à fait d'accord	22	-2	15	50	+	28	18	10	0	59	+2	33	ω +	18	18			
Plutôt d'accord	40	9+	4	41	φ	4	46	32	4-	42	+	38	ڊ- -	25	59			
Plutôt pas d'accord	30	-2	34	27	+3	21	59	49	+2	19	-10	20	-3	34	59			
Pas du tout d'accord	e	0	2	7	+2	2	4	œ	+	œ	+3	7	<u></u>	15	1			
NSP	2	-2	4	2	-3	1	3	2	-1	2	-2	7	-1	8	13			
D'accord	62	+4	99	61	-2	73	64	41	-2	72	+ 10	70	+ 4	43	47			
Pas d'accord	34	-1	39	34	8+	26	33	21	+6	27	-7	22	-4	49	40			



OA47.2 Pour chacune des propositions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous êtes ...? Nous avons besoin de plus d'égalité et de justice même si cela signifie moins de liberté pour l'individu OA47.2 For each of the following propositions, tell me if you...? We need more equality and justice even if this means less freedom for the individual

1re colonne: EB 66 automne 2006	EU15	EU15	EU25	NMS	BE		CZ	DK	J	M-Q	>	DE		D-E		EE	ᆸ	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	60.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	60.1	1.99	66.1	60.1	66.1	60.1	66.1	60.1	66.1	60.1	1.99	1.99	60.1
Tout à fait d'accord	23	+	23	71	19	-2	15	13	+2	23	+4	25	4	36	+2	25	59	-7
Plutôt d'accord	40	+2	41	46	48	+ 10	42	35	<u></u>	37	+3	38	+2	38	9-	36	33	4-
Plutôt pas d'accord	24	0	23	71	25	-2	31	35	-5	56	-3	24	-2	18	+	19	27	+
Pas du tout d'accord	œ	0	7	2	9	+	7	10	+	6	<u></u>	80	7	4	0	œ	7	+2
NSP	9	-2	9	7	1	-8	2	9	-1	2	-4	2	-3	4	-2	13	0	-4
D'accord	63	+3	64	89	89	6+	22	48	+1	09	+7	63	9+	74	-1	09	62	-11
Pas d'accord	31	-	30	26	31	<u>_</u>	39	45	-1	35	-4	32	-2	22	+3	27	38	+15
	_	20	G			ľ			2	2	H	Ī	-	=	ΕM	Z		
1st column: FB 66 autumn 2006		,					-		5	۲۸	-	ב		2	Ā			
2nd column: % change from EB 45 spring 2004	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	
zild coldiiii. 78 change iloin EB oo spinig zooo	66.1	60.1	66.1	60.1	66.1	60.1	66.1	60.1	1.99	1.99	66.1	66.1	60.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	1.09	
Totally agree	21	0	22	0	21	+	32	ر +	27	19	24	23	-3	31	56	13	<u>-</u>	
Tend to agree	41	+7	44	+	39	+2	42	-2	37	38	40	14	9+	42	46	32	-3	
Tend to disagree	22	0	22	0	20	<u>_</u>	18	+2	20	25	21	22	-2	15	16	39	+	
Totally disagree	œ	4-	7	0	œ	<u>_</u>	4	-3	10	7	2	œ	-2	4	4	12	9+	
DK	œ	4-	2	<u>-</u>	7	-2	4	0	2	œ	6	9	+	œ	6	4	-3	
Agree	62	8+	99	+1	09	+3	73	0	92	22	9	64	+2	74	11	46	-3	
Disagree	30	-4	29	0	29	-1	22	-1	30	35	27	30	-3	19	20	51	9+	
1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	A	AT	PL	PT		SI	SK	FI		SE		UK		BG	RO			
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB			
65 printemps 2006	1.99	60.1	1.99	66.1	1.09	1.99	1.99	66.1	1.09	1.99	60.1	1.99	1.09	1.99	1,99			
Tout à fait d'accord	20	0	21	59	0	27	18	1	-	18	+2	18	-2	21	39			
Plutôt d'accord	37	د	49	51	-	46	48	40	+	37	+	37	د +	48	39			
Plutôt pas d'accord	27	5-	20	13	+2	19	56	40	+7	28	9-	25	<u>-</u>	19	10			
Pas du tout d'accord	10	+3	4	2	+	2	4	4	-3	12	+2	10	+2	2	7			
NSP	7	-2	7	3	-3	3	4	2	-3	4	-3	10	-2	7	10			
D'accord	99	+2	70	80	-1	73	99	20	-1	22	+3	26	+2	69	78			
Pas d'accord	37	0	23	17	+4	24	30	45	+5	40	-2	34	0	24	12			



OA47.3 Pour chacune des propositions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous êtes ...? Il y a trop d'indulgence de nos jours. Les criminels devraient être plus séverement punis OA47.3 For each of the following propositions, tell me if you...? Nowadays there is too much tolerance. Criminals should be punished more severely

1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	EU15	EU15	EU25	NMS	BE		CZ	DK	_	D-W	>	DE		D-E	E	EE	E	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	1.09	66.1	1.99	1.99	60.1	1.99	66.1	60.1	1.99	60.1	66.1	60.1	66.1	60.1	66.1	1.99	60.1
Tout à fait d'accord	54	+3	22	22	62	+3	70	43	+2	21	+10	28	ω +	9	+7	26	29	+3
Plutôt d'accord	30	-2	30	32	27	<u>, </u>	25	28	9-	28	-5	27	-5	24	-5	27	56	4-
Plutôt pas d'accord	10	0	10	7	7	0	4	20	+2	6	-2	6	<u>-</u>	6	+	6	7	+2
Pas du tout d'accord	က	0	7	7	7	0	-	œ	+2	က	<u></u>	က	-	7	0	7	4	+2
NSP	3	-1	3	2	1	-3	0	2	-3	3	-2	3	-1	1	-1	4	0	-3
D'accord	84	+1	82	68	06	+3	62	70	-2	85	+2	98	+ 4	88	+1	98	85	-1
Pas d'accord	13	0	12	6	6	0	5	27	+3	12	-3	12	-2	11	0	10	15	+ 4
	i	,	l					ļ	:	:	!	ŀ				1		
1st column. FB 66 autumn 2006	ES	2	T.	,			-		c٨	۲۸		בר		НО	Σ	Z		
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	
Shilling c	66.1	60.1	66.1	60.1	66.1	60.1	66.1	60.1	66.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	60.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	1.09	
Totally agree	46	+2	20	+2	9	+13	22	د 4	84	52	26	89	+ 10	54	43	22	+	
Tend to agree	35	0	59	-2	56	6-	33	7	13	32	31	21	-4	35	38	27	φ	
Tend to disagree	10	+	15	+2	œ	+	œ	0	7	7	œ	9	-5	9	12	13	+2	
Totally disagree	4	+	ო	0	-	-	-	-2	-	7	7	e	+	-	7	4	+3	
, Xa	വ	-3	ო	7	4	-5	е	0	-	ъ	е	7	-2	е	9	-	<u>_</u>	
Agree	81	+	42	0	87	+4	87	+1	46	84	87	89	9+	89	81	82	-7	
Disagree	14	+2	18	+2	6	+1	10	-1	3	13	10	6	-4	8	14	17	+8	
1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	PΑΤ		PL	PT		SI	SK	E		SE		Ν	.,	BG	RO			
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB			
65 printemps 2006	1.99	60.1	1.99	66.1	1.09	1.99	1.99	66.1	60.1	1.99	60.1	1.99	60.1	1.99	66.1			
Tout à fait d'accord	45	+ 10	54	45	+	63	62	40	-7	49	<u>_</u>	63	+2	64	61			
Plutôt d'accord	34	<u></u>	34	40	-3	56	31	43	+7	32	+2	25	-	27	29			
Plutôt pas d'accord	16	-4	œ	7	+3	œ	2	13	0	12	-2	7	+	4	4			
Pas du tout d'accord	7	-2	7	7	+	7	-	7	0	2	+2	_	-	7	7			
NSP	က	-3	7	7	<u></u>	-	-	7	0	7	0	က	<u>-</u>	က	4			
D'accord	64	+ 10	88	98	-2	68	63	83	0	81	0	88	+1	16	68			
Pas d'accord	18	-6	10	12	+3	10	9	15	0	17	0	6	0	9	9			



OA47.5 Pour chacune des propositions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous êtes ...? Les immigrés apportent beaucoup à (NOTRE PAVS)
OA47.5 For each of the following propositions, tell me if you...?
Immigrants contribute a lot to (OUR COUNTRY)

ᆸ										36 +7 21 -8 0 -3 43 +4 57 -1																			
Н		_								32 13 16 71	┵	- z					- 	 ½			- <u> </u>		 -	 ½	- <u> </u>				
D-E	EB	60.1	+2	-	+2		၁ +	-7 -	, t - +2	+ 3 - 7 + 5 + 5	AT + 2	+ + 5 + + 5 MT	+ 2 + 2 + 5 + 5 EB EB	+ 2 + 2 + 5 + 5 + 66.1 MT	+2 +2 +5 +5 +5 +7 MT	+ 2 + 2 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5	+ 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5	EB 66.1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 1 1 4 2 6 4 2 5 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	+ 2 + 2 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5	MT	- 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7	7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7	MT + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 +	7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7	MT + 2 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5	H + 2 + 2 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5	MT - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 -	MT - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 -	H
_	EB	66.1	9	19	38	31	_	Ω	26	5 26 69	26 69 HU	26 69 HU EB	2 26 69 HU HU EB 66.1	2 2 2 6 69 69 HU HU 66.1 4 4	26 69 69 69 66.1 66.1 7	26 26 69 69 66.1 4 4 4 15 34	26 69 69 69 66.1 4 4 4 4 4 4 33 34 37	2 6 6 6 6 6 9 HU HU HU HU 15 34 34 37 11 11	26 69 69 66.1 HU HU 4 15 34 37 37 11 11	266 2669 699 66.1 4 4 15 37 37 37 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	2 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	+	+- + - - - -	+	 	 	 	 	+- +
DE										+ + 2	3				3														
								30		-		1 H	-	┨ ├	 	 	1	 	 	 	┨┠┼	┨ ╏	┨ ┞ ┼	 	 	┨┞┼	 	┤├ ┤	
∧ _	EB	60.1	+3	<u></u>	+3	+	9-	+2	+		1 -	l - -			-	1 1								-				-	
		_						31	41	•	1 -	┧┝╈	 	┨┝┼	 	 	1	1		 	 	┨ ╟	┨ ╟┋┋	┨ ╟	┤ │ 	 	 	 	
ž		1 60.1									-				l 					CCY EB EB 10 66.1 10 20 27 27 37 37 65		 		 		 	 	 	│ │
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CZ								17			_	-			-	 		 		EB 66.1 10 32 32 30 23 6 6 41 41 53			 			 			
BE	EB	60.1	+4	+12	+4	-13	-7	+16	6-		<u>IE</u>	Ξ	프	프	쁘	<u> </u>	쁘	밀	<u>=</u>	EB 60.1 + 8 + 9 - 9 - 9 - 6 - 12 - 12 - 12		≝	≝	≝	≝	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	≝	≝
	EB	66.1	6	31	35	22	က	40	57		_	EB	EB 66.1	EB 66.1	EB 66.1	66.1 15 41 20	EB 66.1	EB 66.1 15 41 20 20 15 9	EB 66.1	EB 66.1 15 41 20 15 9 9 34 34		EB 66.1 15 15 20 20 20 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9							
SMN	EB	66.1	Ω	7	41	22	7	56	64		FR	FR EB	FR EB 60.1	FR EB 60.1 +1	EB 60.1 +1 +5	EB 60.1 +1 +5 +4	EB 60.1 +1 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	EB 60.1 + 1 + 5 + 4 - 7 - 3	EB 60.1 + 1 + 4 + 4 + 4 - 2 - 3 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5	EB 60.1 + 1 + 4 - 7 - 3 - 3	FR EB 60.1 + 1 + 1 + 4 + 4 - 7 - 7 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3	EB 60.1	EB 60.1 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	EB 60.1	EB 66.1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 6 6 1 4 6 6 6 6	FR EB 60.1 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 - 7 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4	EB 66.1 20 20 20 20 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	FR EB 660.1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	FR E 60.1 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1
EU25	EB	66.1	10	30	32	20	ω	40	52											EB 66.1 10 35 32 32 15 9 9 44 46									
EU15		60.1	+2	+2	0	٣-	٣-	+2	-7		ES	S: EB	EB 60.1	EB 60.1	EB 60.1 -4 +4	EB 60.1 -4 +4 +4	EB 60.1 -4 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	EB 60.1 + 4 + + + + + + + 1.	EB 60.1 -4 + + + + + -4 -1 0	EB 60.1 -4 + + + +	EB 60.1 60.1 60.1 60.1 60.1 60.0	ES EB 60.1 + 4 + + + + + + + + + 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	EB EB 60.1 EB + 4 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	EB 60.1 AT EB 60.1 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 +	EB 60.1 AT EB 60.1 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 +	EB EB 660.1	EB EB C60.1	EB EB CO.1 O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	EB 60.1 1.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
EU15	EB	1.99	7	31	30	19	ω	42	20											EB 66.1 9 31 330 113 116 40 43									
1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	65 printemps 2006	Tout à fait d'accord	Plutôt d'accord	Plutôt pas d'accord	Pas du tout d'accord	NSP	D'accord	Pas d'accord			L	1st column: EB 66 autumn 2006 2nd column: % change from EB 65 spring 2006	65 spring	65 spring	65 spring	65 spring	65 spring	65 spring	65 spring	65 spring	65 spring 00	65 spring 200	66 autumn 2006 - change from EB 65 spring 200 see B 66 automne 2006 % changement par rapport à cond	66 autumn 2006 change from EB 65 spring 200 see B 66 automne 2006 % changement par rapport à cord	65 spring 200 06 sar rapport à	66 autumn 2006 Change from EB 65 spring 200 See See See See See automne 2006 % changement par rapport a 0006 cord cord	66 autumn 2006 change from EB 65 spring 200 see 3 B 66 automne 2006 % changement par rapport à 006 cord cord	66 autumn 2006 change from EB 65 spring 200 see B 66 automne 2006 % changement par rapport à 006 cord cord



OA47.8 Pour chacune des propositions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous êtes ...? La libre concurrence est la meilleure façon de garantir la prospérité OA47.8 For each of the following propositions, tell me if you...? Free competition is the best guarantee for economic prosperity

1re colonne: EB 66 automne 2006	EU15	EU15	EU25	NMS	BE		CZ	A	¥	M-Q	>	DE		D-E	ш	33	П	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	60.1	1.99	1,99	66.1	60.1	66.1	66.1	60.1	66.1	60.1	66.1	60.1	66.1	60.1	1.99	66.1	60.1
Tout à fait d'accord	19	7	20	22	19	7	19	28	+3	30	+	28	+	23	£ +	37	18	φ
Plutôt d'accord	43	+3	44	46	51	+13	48	43	9+	46	+2	46	+2	43	0	42	39	+2
Plutôt pas d'accord	20	+3	19	15	23	+2	19	19	-2	13	+2	15	+2	21	0	7	28	+ 10
Pas du tout d'accord	9	0	2	3	2	5-	4	4	-2	4	+	4	+	7	+3	-	13	+7
NSP	12	-4	12	11	3	-11	6	7	-3	7	-5	7	-5	9	-6	12	3	-10
D'accord	62	+2	64	7.1	70	+12	89	7.1	6+	9/	+3	74	+3	99	+3	62	22	9-
Pas d'accord	25	+2	24	18	27	-2	23	23	-5	17	+2	19	+2	28	+2	6	41	+16
1st column: EB 44 autumn 2004	E	ES	FR	~	=		_	_	С	۲N	LT	רו)	H	MT	N		
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	
zna colunni. 76 change nom EB 63 spinig 2006	66.1	60.1	1.99	60.1	66.1	60.1	1.99	60.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	1.99	60.1	1.99	1.99	66.1	60.1	
Totally agree	ω	-7	13	-2	22	ر +	19	+	30	32	30	21	-5	17	23	20	+7	
Tend to agree	38	+7	39	<u></u>	48	+	45	4	39	47	20	36	ر 4	38	42	41	-5	
Tend to disagree	18	+2	28	+7	6	-2	21	+3	13	12	9	21	+ 4	22	œ	56	+2	
Totally disagree	2	<u>_</u>	6	-2	3	+	4	-5	7	7	7	œ	-	œ	4	7	+2	
DK	32	+	10	-3	18	-2	6	-5	7	7	12	4	-2	15	24	7	-5	
Agree	46	0	52	-3	70	+ 4	9	+7	69	62	80	22	-1	22	9	19	+3	
Disagree	22	0	38	+6	12	-1	26	-2	20	14	8	29	+ 4	30	11	32	+3	
1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	AT	T	PL	P.		SI	SK	F		SE		'n	·	BG	RO			
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB			
65 printemps 2006	66.1	60.1	1.99	66.1	60.1	66.1	1.99	66.1	60.1	66.1	60.1	1.99	60.1	1.99	1.99			
Tout à fait d'accord	21	-5	23	12	0	25	20	14	-2	30	+	18	۴-	28	33			
Plutôt d'accord	20	+7	51	34	-15	22	53	20	+4	42	+2	46	9+	40	40			
Plutôt pas d'accord	16	<u></u>	14	56	+14	7	16	28	+2	18	+	14	0	-	œ			
Pas du tout d'accord	က	-5	7	6	+7	-	ъ	4	<u>-</u>	4	۳-	4	<u>_</u>	ო	7			
NSP	6	-3	10	16	-9	7	8	4	-4	2	-5	17	-3	18	18			
D'accord	72	9+	74	46	-15	80	73	64	+3	72	9+	9	+ 4	89	73			
Pas d'accord	19	-3	16	38	+21	13	19	32	+	22	-1	18	-1	14	10			



OA47.9 Pour chacune des propositions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous êtes ...? La place de la religion dans notre société est trop importante OA47.9 For each of the following propositions, tell me if you...?

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1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	EU25	EU15	NMS	BE	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	33	EL	ES	FR	31	LΙ	СУ	۲۸
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	1.99	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	66.1	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1,99	1.99	1.99
Tout à fait d'accord	17	16	17	15	7	14	12	4	20	9	16	9	17	13	21	49	10
Plutôt d'accord	29	59	59	28	20	18	19	20	23	13	18	39	56	59	42	32	17
Plutôt pas d'accord	33	33	35	43	47	42	35	35	33	40	38	29	37	31	24	13	47
Pas du tout d'accord	15	15	14	14	22	22	56	24	15	30	28	13	13	20	œ	4	21
NSP	9	7	2	1	4	5	8	8	6	10	0	10	7	7	2	2	2
D'accord	46	45	46	43	27	31	31	33	43	20	34	48	43	42	63	81	27
Pas d'accord	48	48	48	26	69	64	19	29	46	70	99	42	51	51	32	17	89
1ct column: EB 66 autumn 2006	LT	ΓN	ПH	MT	NF	AT	ΡL	ΡT	IS	SK	FI	SE	UK	BG	RO		
	EB																
III LB 03 Spiiiig	66.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1		
Totally agree	11	18	10	30	13	15	22	13	27	18	D	12	24	D	15		
Tend to agree	30	18	22	41	19	59	33	37	28	38	18	25	59	12	22		
Tend to disagree	39	45	35	20	44	36	31	33	32	32	28	32	56	45	31		
Totally disagree	13	16	56	7	21	16	6	=	6	7	11	19	10	56	9		
DK	7	2	7	7	4	2	2	7	4	4	7	4	6	12	4		
Agree	41	36	32	70	31	44	22	20	99	99	23	45	23	20	37		
Disagree	52	26	61	27	65	51	40	43	41	40	74	51	38	89	49		



OA47.10 Pour chacune des propositions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous êtes ... ? La consommation personnelle de cannabis devrait être légalisée en Europe OA47.10 For each of the following propositions, tell me if you...? Personal consumption of cannabis should be legalised throughout Europe

1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	EU25	EU15	NMS	BE	CZ	DK	M-O	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	E	_	CΥ	۲۸	
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	
65 printemps 2006	66.1	1.99	1.99	1.99	66.1	66.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	
Tout à fait d'accord	6	10	Ŋ	9	œ	10	7	7	7	7	7	12	1	6	10	4	9	
Plutôt d'accord	17	18	10	20	24	12	13	12	7	œ	7	28	17	21	18	œ	7	
Plutôt pas d'accord	21	21	20	56	56	22	16	17	20	16	18	19	28	19	21	7	13	
Pas du tout d'accord	47	44	61	46	39	54	09	9	9	62	62	56	38	38	44	78	11	
NSP	9	7	4	-	4	က	2	4	က	7	-	15	7	13	9	4	4	
D'accord	26	28	15	56	32	22	19	19	18	14	19	40	28	30	28	12	12	
Pas d'accord	89	9	81	72	9	75	9/	77	80	42	81	45	99	22	99	84	84	
10+ column: EB 44 cultura 2007	L	ΓΩ	Н	MT	N	ΑT	ΡΓ	ΡT	SI	SK	ы	SE	NK	BG	RO			
2nd column: & change from EB 45 enring 2004	EB																	
o cilalige III	66.1	1.99	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1			
Totally agree	4	œ	က	9	20	10	4	9	10	9	7	2	13	4	က			
Tend to agree	12	12	10	6	59	17	7	21	12	10	7	4	19	7	7			
Tend to disagree	25	22	15	14	23	25	20	23	18	21	24	9	24	21	7			
Totally disagree	53	53	70	63	24	43	9	43	22	9	99	83	34	52	70			
DK	7	2	7	œ	4	2	2	80	7	4	7	7	10	16	10			
Agree	16	20	13	15	46	28	11	27	22	16	8	6	32	11	6			
Disagree	78	75	82	7	47	67	84	99	75	81	8	90	28	72	81			
))	3	-	-	;	5	3	,		,	,	3					



OA47.11 Pour chacune des propositions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous êtes ... ? Les mariages homosexuels devraient être autorisés en Europe OA47.11 For each of the following propositions, tell me if you...? Homosexual marriages should be allowed throughout Europe

1re colonne: EB 66 automne 2006	EU25	EU15	NMS	BE	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	ΙE	L	ζ	۲۸
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	1.99	1.99	66.1	66.1	66.1	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	1.99	1.99	66.1	66.1	1.99	66.1
Tout à fait d'accord	18	20	7	56	16	43	23	24	27	9	9	19	11	15	1	2	4
Plutôt d'accord	26	28	16	33	36	26	27	28	32	15	10	36	31	56	20	6	6
Plutôt pas d'accord	16	16	11	4	17	1	14	14	13	15	18	13	18	12	19	7	17
Pas du tout d'accord	33	56	22	12	25	16	28	27	23	26	99	18	27	31	44	73	67
NSP	7	7	9	7	9	4	7	7	2	8	-	13	œ	16	9	9	4
D'accord	44	48	23	62	25	69	51	52	26	21	15	99	48	41	31	14	12
Pas d'accord	49	45	71	35	42	27	42	41	36	71	84	32	44	43	64	80	84
1st column: ED 66 autumn 2006	LT	ΓN	НΩ	MT	NL	AT	ΡL	ΡT	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	BG	RO		
2nd column: Q change from EB 4E carried 2004	EB																
Zild Colulliii. 76 Cildilge IIOIII EB 63 Spillig 2006	66.1	1.99	1.99	1.99	66.1	66.1	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	1.99	1.99	66.1	66.1		
Totally agree	3	24	4	7	25	18	9	7	12	4	12	21	9	2	3		
Tend to agree	13	34	14	7	30	32	12	22	20	15	34	20	28	10	œ		
Tend to disagree	18	7	11	10	œ	22	16	24	15	22	21	12	15	22	14		
Totally disagree	29	21	28	63	œ	22	61	39	49	54	59	12	30	43	9		
DK	7	10	9	6	2	9	9	7	4	4	5	2	6	20	10		
Agree	17	28	18	18	82	49	17	29	31	19	45	71	46	15	11		
Disagree	77	32	75	73	16	45	76	64	64	77	50	24	45	65	79		



OA47.12 Pour chacune des propositions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous êtes ... ? L'adoption d'enfants devrait être autorisée pour les couples homosexuels en Europe OA47.12 For each of the following propositions, tell me if you...? Adoption of children should be authorised for homosexual couples throughout Europe

1re colonne : EB 66 automne 2006	EU25	EU15	NMS	BE	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	Ξ	_	ζ	۲۸
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
65 printemps 2006	66.1	66.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	66.1	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1	1.99	1.99
Tout à fait d'accord	13	15	ъ	18	9	22	17	19	23	3	4	16	12	7	8	4	3
Plutôt d'accord	20	22	œ	56	18	22	22	23	27	7	7	27	23	19	16	9	9
Plutôt pas d'accord	19	19	16	21	56	21	18	18	18	16	17	17	20	16	19	9	15
Pas du tout d'accord	42	37	89	33	43	30	36	34	27	63	72	25	37	35	25	80	74
NSP	7	œ	2	7	9	2	9	9	4	7	0	15	æ	19	2	4	က
D'accord	32	36	11	43	24	44	40	42	51	14	11	43	32	30	24	10	8
Pas d'accord	61	26	84	24	69	51	54	52	45	79	89	42	28	52	70	98	89
1st column: EB 64 autumn 2006	LT	ΓN	НΠ	MT	NL	AT	ΡL	ΡT	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	BG	RO		
2nd column: & change from EB 45 enring 2004	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB		
ioiii Eb oo spiiiig	66.1	1.99	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1		
Totally agree	7	14	ъ	3	37	17	7	4	2	3	2	28	12	4	7		
Tend to agree	6	24	10	4	32	28	2	14	11	6	19	23	21	œ	9		
Tend to disagree	16	18	18	6	4	23	12	56	19	21	30	11	21	19	12		
Totally disagree	99	36	63	9/	13	56	77	48	61	63	42	25	37	48	70		
DK	9	7	9	6	4	9	4	8	3	4	4	7	6	20	10		
Agree	12	36	13	7	69	44	7	19	17	12	24	51	33	12	8		
Disagree	82	54	81	85	27	50	89	74	80	84	72	43	58	89	82		



OA47.13 Pour chacune des propositions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous êtes ... ? Plus d'importance devrait être donnée aux loisirs plutôt qu'au travail OA47.13 For each of the following propositions, tell me if you...? More importance should be given to spare time than to work

1re colonne: EB 66 automne 2006	EU25	EU15	NMS	BE	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	Ξ	L	ζ	۲۸	_
2ième colonne: % changement par rapport à EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	_
65 printemps 2006	66.1	1.99	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	_
out à fait d'accord	15	15	15	14	17	18	6	œ	9	30	27	56	12	21	15	30	19	_
Plutôt d'accord	33	32	36	36	41	33	18	19	20	37	40	40	30	37	38	38	33	_
Plutôt pas d'accord	30	53	30	37	29	32	32	34	41	21	19	16	36	18	29	17	28	_
Pas du tout d'accord	15	16	7	1	6	12	33	33	31	7	13	2	17	11	13	æ	15	_
NSP	7	7	7	7	4	2	7	9	7	2	-	13	2	13	2	9	9	_
D'accord	48	48	52	20	28	51	27	27	56	29	99	9	42	28	53	69	52	_
Pas d'accord	45	46	42	48	38	44	99	67	71	28	33	21	53	29	42	25	42	_
2000 contino 77 00 contino	LT	ΓN	Н	MT	N	ΑT	PL	ΡT	SI	SK	ы	SE	NK	BG	RO			
Ist colding: EB 66 dutuilli 2006	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB			
	66.1	1.99	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1	66.1	66.1	1.99	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1	1.99	66.1			
Totally agree	10	13	24	24	12	20	12	10	16	20	17	18	19	11	10			
Tend to agree	25	19	40	39	28	31	34	33	43	42	44	37	39	23	23			
Tend to disagree	38	32	22	14	40	35	33	29	31	28	30	56	56	33	27			
Totally disagree	22	28	10	7	14	7	13	21	7	7	9	13	6	19	27			
X	4	2	2	12	9	7	6	7	3	4	ю	2	7	13	13			
Agree	36	32	63	63	40	51	46	42	28	62	19	22	22	34	33			
Disagree	9	63	32	22	54	42	45	51	38	32	32	39	36	53	22			
		1			1					1								



QA48a Et dans la liste suivante, quelles sont les trois valeurs qui comptent le plus pour vous ? (MAX. 3 REPONSES) QA48a And in the following list, which are three most important values for you personally? (MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

Tre colonne: EB 66 automne 2006	F115	F1115	F1125	SMN	BE		22	DK		- -		Ę		9-6	-	11	Ξ	
		0 0				t	1 0	2	2	1	L	1	2	-	2	1 0	i C	2
Zienne colonne: 78 changement par Tappoi t a EB	١,	, rb	, ED	۲,	۵,		۲,	٠,	۵ ,		٥, ۲		2 2	٠, ۵	۵ <u>ز</u>	, LD	۲,	٠, ۲
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L'Etat de droit	2 5	7+	`;	0 F	o ;		- ;	2 2	7 0		۰ د		· c	<u>0</u> 0	- (- (7 7	+ ·
Le respect de la vie liuinallie	ţ :	? '		ţ ;	0 (- (G :	- ;		7-		- ;	, ,	7,	, ,	÷ ;	+ ,
Les Droits de l'Homme	9 6	+ 2	141	2 6	5 ,		200	0 1	+ 、		+ c		2 5	4 4	+ 2 - c	6, 5	7 7	_ [
Les libertes illaividuelles	77	o .	77	7 ;	- (· ·	<u>:</u> :	ρ.		1 20		+2-	٠;	57-	± ;	4 ,	n +
La democratie	7 7	- (24	6 1	52		77	4,	4 ;		<u>,</u> ,		Ω, +	9 ;	7.	9 1	ر ا	,
La paix	25	φ	25	25	20		24	8	=		_		_	-	7-	25	28	o P
L'égalité	9	+2	18	17	20		10	20	۲		0		<u></u>	ω	-4	4	4	<u>, </u>
La solidarité	15	+2	14	13	18		15	œ	ς-		+2		+3	22	6+	10	6	+3
La tolérance	19	0	19	19	33		25	23	7		7		<u>_</u>	20	0	7	7	+2
La religion	9	-	7	7	4		4	4	7		0		0	7	-	4	19	-1
L'épanouissement personnel	1	-3	11	13	15		16	4	+3		œ		9-	15	۳.	19	1	+2
le respect des autres cultures	-	+ 3	1		<u>τ</u>		ני	14	1		4		4 4		0	17	7	,
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	L	S	П	~	4		L		>	^	Ŀ	Ξ		Ξ	ΤM	Z		
1st column: EB 66 autumn 2006		20		-	!	G,	:	20	5 0	2	0	2	H	2 0	0	2		
2nd column: % change from EB 65 spring 2006	2	EB	2	בפ	9	2		2	בפ	2	בם			2	2	בפ	2	
-	66.1	60.1	L.99	60.1	1.99	60.1		60.1	1.99	1.99	1.99			1.99	1.99	66.1	1.09	
The Rule of Law	_	-4	6	+2	19	0		+15	13	13	22			12	12	7	0	
Respect for human life	40	-5	47	۳-	26	+3		-14	45	43	46			46	42	46	-7	
Human rights	41	-2	41	+2	34	+7		ıç.	23	48	20			36	38	36	α+	
Individual freedom	. ,	1 7	22		, ,	. 0		, -	, K	, K	3 2			27	9 0	3 6	9	
	- ;	† ;	77	, (7 !	١,		- (9 6	י נ	2 1			, ,	- 1	3 1	, ·	
Democracy	17	-12	23	7+	17	-2		۳,	33	12	12			21	52	27	-	
Peace	22	9-	20	ကု	48	9-		-7	49	21	38			24	22	42	6-	
Equality	23	-	18	0	21	+2		+4	16	18	19			20	17	16	0	
Solidarity, support for others	15	+2	25	+2	6	+4		0	4	10	12			15	19	54	6+	
Tolerance	18	-3	30	+2	14	+2		,	٣,	13	13			14	12	21	-10	
Religion	Ľ	+	۲,	C	10	-		۲.	59	9	9			7	23	12	+2	
Colf fulfilment	0		, ;	, 4	, L	1 4		, L	'n	, <u>r</u>	. :			. 0	14	1 0	1 14	
Deni-luminement	٠ ،	† ;	2 (٦ ^١	2 5	٦ ^١) c	۲,	2 5	<u> </u>				2 0	0 5) C	
Respect for other cultures	o ·	÷ .	7	n +	7	n +		7 '	= -	4	,			ο .	,	<u>^</u>	+	
None of these (SPONTANEOUS)	- ,	+	0 (0 '	0 (۰ ٥	- ,	- (0 0	0 (۰,	0 (۰,	- ,	- ,	0 (0 0	
U.K	4	+4	>	-	າ	+		0	0	5	-		+	_	-	5	0	
Tre colonne : FB 66 automne 2006	٩	F	۵	۵	l	15	ΧK	ū		75		I	-	H	DQ.			
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-	7 7	2 9	44.1	7 7	3 5	2 4		1 4	2 5	2 7	2 6				7 7 7			
1 /Ftat de droit	- - - -		. a	5 5	3 7			. u	- - -	- - -								
Letat de dioit	, ;	ņ	2 3	± 5	† ·	2 5		2 5	٦ ٢	, ;	1 1				2 5			
Le respect de la vie numaine	<u>د</u> د	7-	0 (<u>.</u>	۰ ,	5 .		70	+	- (0 0				ð i			
Les Droits de l'Homme	3	φ,	20	41	ر ا	42		9	7 -	09	+ (2				4 /			
Les libertés individuelles	46	-2	13	8	r,	28		22	4-	17	۳,				23			
La démocratie	27	+	18	56	+2	16		18	+4	45	<u></u>				21			
La paix	26	۴-	51	21	-5	22		29	+	61	-				43			
L'égalité	19	+	18	36	+10	18		22	<u>_</u>	19	+				15			
La solidarité	7	+2	12	19	-5	13		=	-	12	+2				15			
La tolérance	15	-4	20	œ	-2	21		21	+2	12	+3				œ			
La religion	9	0	15	LC.	α	~		7	· -	2					19			
I 'épanouissement personnel	· -	, +	10	, _	0	9		. [27			
Lepanoussement personner	_ r	+ +	2 a		` c	2 ~	2 4	٠.	- 6	٦,	۰ ۳	ν α	, α	2 10	ì«			
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Aucun de ceux-ci (SPONTAINE)	- 0	- (۰ د	0	- ,	- (۰ د	> 0	.	۰ د				۰ د			
NSP	o	-3	1	o	-	o O	-	_	O	O	7-			-	3			



OA48b Quelles sont les trois valeurs qui représentent le mieux l'Union européenne, parmi les suivantes ? (MAX. 3 REPONSES)
OA48b Which three of the following values, best represent the European Union? (MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

	EU15	EU15	EU25	NMS	BE		CZ	DK		D-W		DE		D-E		EE	Е	
	FB	FB	FB	FB	FB	FB			FB				H		-	H		FB
	66.1	60.1	66.1	66.1	66.1	60.1	66.1	66.1	60.1	66.1 6	60.1	66.1 6	60.1	66.1 6	60.1	1.99	66.1	60.1
L'Etat de droit	24	+	24	23	28	+1			+12									+
Le respect de la vie humaine	13	4-	13	13	16	+2			+2									+2
Les Droits de l'Homme	37	+	38	40	20	+12			+ 10									9+
Les libertés individuelles	10	۴-	10	14	7	-7			-5									-
La démocratie	36	9+	38	45	45	+			6+									+4
La paix	36	-2	36	34	40	۳-			6-									۳-
L'égalité	14	+	14	13	16	+2			9+									-4
La solidarité	17	+2	17	18	23	۴,			+ 10									+
La tolérance	10	0	=	16	12	-			-2									+3
La religion	4	+	·	2	ď	+			· -									· -
I 'énapolissement personnel	٠ 4		7	٠,	۰ ۳													٦.
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And the contest of (SDONTANE)	<u>'</u> ') C	- 1	, ,	٠,	<u>,</u> c			, -) T
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	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB		EB	EB	H	┢		H	H	┢		EB	
	66.1	60.1	66.1	60.1	1,99	60.1		50.1	1,99					_			50.1	
The Rule of Law	19	۲,	20	+	59	+		+	20								-5	
Despect for himan life		- 7	o	. 4	o c	. +			9								. +	
Limbs rishts			, [0	2 4	- <		1 0	. 2									
Tradition fronts	, 0	, -	, ;) -	7 0	† ₇		p c	3 5								† 0	
	, ه	+ (2 ;	<u>ب</u>	- 6	- (۰ د	, :								, .	
Democracy	38	7+	34	6	32	7+		7+	40									
Peace	32	+3	43	45	30	ر.		-	32								9-	
Equality	16	+4	9	+	20	ကု		۳ +	19								+2	
Solidarity, support for others	-	-5	28	+	16	+		+2	17								+2	
Tolerance	=	<u>-</u>	12	+2	=	0		+	9								<u></u>	
Religion	-	0	က	+	က	0		+	2								0	
Self-fulfilment	7	-2	7	-2	2	<u>-</u>		۲	-								<u>_</u>	
Respect for other cultures	12	+3	56	+	71	+2		٣-	32								+	
None of these (SPONTANEOUS)	2,	+2	4 1	7 4	- 5	+ 0	90	7 - 7		0 п	- 5	m <	+ -	4 4	- ;	4 5	+ -	
Ĭ.		-		2	-	7-		7-	,	-				-				
	٩	F	Ы	Ы	ļ.	SI	SK	FI		SE		š		_	RO			
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB			EB						EB			
	66.1	60.1	1.99	66.1	1.09	1.99	_		1.09				_		1.90			
L'Etat de droit	23	9-	19	54	ω +	38			+3						29			
Le respect de la vie humaine	15	-2	12	56	+2	13			0						24			
Les Droits de l'Homme	32	+3	38	28	۲	27			0						53			
Les libertés individuelles	16	-5	13	13	+	12			0						13			
La démocratie	38	9+	46	39	+7	41			6+						37			
La paix	42	-	29	40	ω	46			+2						31			
L'égalité	12	+2	15	20	9+	18			۴,						7			
La solidarité	12	-	17	19	+2	13			+						18			
La tolérance	7	-4	21	6	0	4	4	10	7	D.	0	6	0	10	7			
La religion	m	-5	-	-	-5	7			+						വ			
L'épanouissement personnel	9 ;	0	9 ;	ო ;	0	4 ;			+ (2			
Le respect des autres cultures	4 1	9+	21	4 -	0 '	19			0 '						2			
Aucun de ceux-ci (SPONTANE)		+2	- 1	<u>ب</u> ک	+ ,	7 .			7 ;						- ;			
NSF	ç	-/	œ	2	0 -	4	4		-		-		4	+	=			